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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 42 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

GONDAL RASA-SHALA AUSHADHASHRAM
The Premier Manufacturer of Genuine & Scientific AYURVEDIC MEDICINES
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Richey Road, AHMEDABAD.

Keep Off American Outposts

Roosevelt Warns Foreign Powers

SHIPS & PLANES BANNED FROM "DEFENCE AREAS"

WASHINGTON, February 18.

A "keep out" warning to foreign ships and aircraft was signed by President Roosevelt to-day in the form of an order affecting American naval outposts in the Pacific and the Carribbean.

In effect it warns Foreign ships and aircraft to "keep out unless you have permission of the United States to enter."

The order creates "defensive sea areas" and "air space reservations" which no ships or aircraft except those belonging to the United States may enter without the authority of the Secretary of the United States Navy.

The order becomes effective in 90 days from last Friday.

LEASE AND LEND BILL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.

Opening the Opposition's attack in the Senate on the Lease and Lend Bill to-day Senator Clark (Missouri) said that he saw the Bill as a gamble "upon one card of complete British victory", taking the United States "to the very brink of war". Much as I admire the heroism of the British in the defence of their own Island, I am entirely unwilling to commit this country to the defence of the British Empire around the world", declared Mr. Clark who urged that American tax-payers should not be asked to make sacrifices by adoption of measures which Canada, New Zealand and Australia were not called upon to enact.

Hopes for a relatively quick approval of the Bill by the Senate were renewed when Mr. Clark said that the Opposition did not desire to prolong the debate unduly and referred to "a few brief days".

No Further U. S. Ships For Britain?

Asked whether it was possible that further United States warships could be transferred to Britain, Admiral Stark, United States Navy Chief told newspapermen to-day (Tuesday) "not for the moment but what will happen later, I cannot tell. Trying to legislate for what may happen six months from now is impossible. The world is full of surprises these days."

Earlier Admiral Stark had called at White House and conferred with the President, but he declined to state the purpose of his visit. He was accompanied by Rear Admiral Gormley who visited Britain five months ago.—Reuter.

Russo-Bulgar Trade Talks

LONDON, Feb. 18

Trade negotiations began yesterday in Moscow between Russia and Bulgaria, according to the German radio.—Reuter.

IF NAZIS INVADE BULGARIA

LONDON, (By Cable).

The Foreign Editor of the "Daily Express" writes:

Stalin will do everything to keep the Germans out of Bulgaria everything except go to war against Hitler.

And if the Germans invade Bulgaria nonetheless, it is probable that Russia will also stage a march into Bulgaria to occupy at least the Black Sea coast and cover the Dardanelles.

Stalin has a fleet to seize the ports, Hitler has not. The affair probably would be settled in a superficially amicable way with another carve-up.

Hungaro-Bulgarian Cultural Agreement

LONDON, Feb. 18.

A cultural agreement between Hungary and Bulgaria was signed to-day Tuesday between Hungary and Bulgaria, according to the Budapest Radio.—Reuter.

Haji Ahmed Hussain Tyagari, who was one of the passive resisters in S. Africa, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment and fine of Rs. 200 for offering Satyagraha in Broach District.

Italians Evacuate Gojjam In Ethiopia

FALL OF KISMAYU ADMITTED: BIG BRITISH BAG IN MEDITERRANEAN

CAIRO, Feb. 18.

The shortest "communique" since General Wavell's army captured Mersa Matruh was issued by the G. H. Q. to-day.

The "communique" states that as a result of Abyssinian patriot activities, the Italians have evacuated Dangela and other important posts in the Gojjam. On all other fronts, there is no change in the situation.

CAPTURE OF KISMAYU

The loss of the important Somaliland port of Kismayu which was captured by South African troops last week-end is announced in to-day's Italian 'communique.' The 'communique' adds that fighting is continuing in the neighbourhood.

R.A.F. planes bombed an Italian Island in the Aegean.

Italian Ships Sunk

A 'communique' issued by the British Admiralty states: "A German merchant vessel of about 4,000 tons, being used by the Italians as a supply ship, has been sunk by naval aircraft in the Central Mediterranean. An Italian supply ship of about 6,000 tons was also successfully attacked by naval aircraft. When last seen, the vessel was down by the stern and a large cloud of smoke was rising from her. The crew was seen abandoning the ship in lifeboats.

Another Italian supply ship of 4,000 tons and an Italian auxiliary warship have been damaged during attacks by naval aircraft. All the aircraft returned from these attacks which are additional to the fleet air arm attacks.

Bombardment Of Genoa

Fuller details of the naval bombardment of Genoa at dawn on February 9 tell the devastating effects of the very accurate shooting of Vice-Admiral Sir James Somerville's squadron consisting of H. M. S. "Renown," H. M. S. "Malaya," H.M.S. "Ark Royal" and the cruiser "Sheffield" accompanied by light forces. Over 300 tons of high explosive shells were poured into dry docks, shipping factories, power stations and other targets of military significance. The bombardment was most successful in both material and moral effect according to well informed quarters in London to-day. The British ships were undamaged. Simultaneously with the naval raid, British aircraft successfully attacked military objectives at Leghorn and Pisa.

ITALIANS MOVING TO JIBUTI

ADEN, Feb. 17.

Several thousands of Italian women are to enter the country, according to information reaching here from Jibuti. A number of Italian officers are stated to be with them.

The French authorities are understood to have refused them permission to enter up to the present, as there is insufficient food in the country to feed so large an increase in the population.—Reuter.

No Truck With Census

LUCKNOW, Feb. 18.

Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C., who arrived here yesterday, interviewed regarding the Congress viewpoint towards the Census operations, said that the Congress had nothing to do with the census.

Acharya Kripalini is leaving to-morrow for Akbarpur in Fyzabad district, where he will visit the Gandhi Ashram and then proceed to Allahabad.—A. P.

Indian Heroes Honoured

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

A Press' Communique states:—

The Commander-in-Chief, Middle East, has made immediate awards of the Indian Distinguished Service Medal to No. M.T. 104832 Havildar Indar Singh, Royal Indian Army Service Corps, and No. 16074 Sepoy Rakhim Gul, 13th Frontier Force Rifles, for bravery in action in the Sudan on December 19th last.—A. P.

BRITAIN BLESSES BULGARO-TURKISH PACT

But America Smells A Rat In It!

LONDON, Feb. 18.

The talks between Turkey and Bulgaria, it is pointed out in London were undertaken by the Turkish Government weeks ago with the knowledge and goodwill of the British Government.

Situation Not Seriously Affected

It is also pointed out that having regard to the advanced condition of the German infiltration into Bulgaria, the situation in the Balkans cannot be seriously affected by the agreement.

LONDON VIEW OF IT

The following comment on the Turko-Bulgarian agreement was made in authoritative quarters in London to-day:—

"To put the Bulgarian-Turkish declaration in its right perspective, one should recall the fact that the Turks originally instituted the negotiations in the hopes of Balkan unity. These negotiations met with full British approval, as Great Britain has always emphasised that unity among the Balkan States is the best insurance against threats of Nazi aggression and the fate which has overtaken Rumania.

The negotiations were overtaken by events such as the infiltration of the Germans into Bulgaria and those infiltrations obviously detract considerably from the value that the pact was designed to have. Under the existing circumstances, one cannot but doubt Bulgaria's ability to maintain an independent neutrality and to have freedom of choice. The declaration can have little practical meaning for the Turks unless the Bulgarians can pursue an independent course.

Turkey has been completely loyal to Britain throughout, and has kept the British Government informed throughout of the progress of the negotiations. She has, in the Protocol, safeguarded completely the existing Treaties and obligations and most certainly has not shown herself ready to acquiesce in any aggressive action by the Germans. Several aspects of the declaration are expected to be cleared up shortly by a statement by one of the Turkish Ministers"

MINISTERS WELCOME PACT

ANKARA, Feb. 18.

After signing the joint Turkish-Bulgarian statement, M. Sarajoglu, the Turkish Foreign Minister, said, "The small causes can often produce great effects and engender much good. The modest document just signed will perhaps be effective in preventing new complications in the Balkans."

M. Kyroff, the Bulgarian Minister stated, "Personally I am very happy to have signed the declaration which is a proof of the friendship and confidence existing between Bulgaria and Turkey".

The chief significance of the declaration, according to Turkish political circles, is that Bulgaria binds herself not to attack Turkey or Greece, that is to say, not to march along with the Germans.

The question of Bulgaria's attitude to the German wish to march through Bulgaria is outside the scope of the declaration. According to Turkish information, however, the Bulgarian Government is doing its best to persuade the Germans to keep out.

Political circles are non-committal regarding the possibility of a further development of Bulgarian-Turkish relations in the direction of a defensive pact.

Soviet Supports Agreement

The Soviet Union is understood to have supported the agreement between Turkey and Bulgaria.

Bulgarian political circles believe that both parties to the agreement will now withdraw the troops they had been massing on their common frontier.

According to an unconfirmed report diplomatic negotiations have now been opened between Bulgaria and Yugoslavia concerning their territorial differences.

ATHENS:—Greek opinion has received the Turko-Bulgarian Pact favourably, judging from the comments in this morning newspapers which point out that it is emphasised in the declaration that the agreement is "without prejudice to the contracted undertakings with regard to other countries. The declaration, it is added, is governed by a spirit of "good neighbourly" relations and, as the Turkish Foreign Minister stated, it is capable of further drawing the Balkans away from undesirable complications.

"War Of Nerves" May Result

Bulgaria has no known pact of mutual assistance that would come under this heading of contractual obligations, says Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

It is clear that the Germans do not want to incur complications in the Balkans, especially the hazards of an expeditionary force against Greece with whom they have no quarrel.

A tremendous intensification of the "war of nerves" must therefore be expected in the hope that Greece will be prevailed upon to make peace with Italy under German auspices.

Hungarian Minister In Sofia

Some political significance is given to the visit of the Hungarian Minister for Education, Professor Homan, who arrived in Sofia on Monday with a large delegation. Ostensibly he is here to sign a cultural convention, but after this ceremony on Tuesday it is expected that he will be received by M. Popoff, the Bulgarian Foreign Minister. He will also see King Boris.—Reuter.

New York Papers Smell A Rat In It

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.

Comment here in the press and on the radio on the Turco-Bulgarian friendship pact is pessimistic. The news is presented as a Nazi diplomatic triumph and is interpreted as opening the way for the unopposed march of German troops through Bulgaria. Notwithstanding this gloomy tone, however, it is not suggested that the British situation in the Eastern Mediterranean is necessarily jeopardised, but merely that the task is harder.

The "Herald Tribune" compares the pact with the Soviet-German Pact and sees it "pulling the props from under what was left of the Balkans."

The "New York Times" thinks that the pact is "anything but reassuring". This latest Hitler's diplomatic victory could have been prevented had the neutrals presented a solid front against him in the beginning, it says.

The newspaper adds that it seems that Russia influenced the decision but thinks that future Turkish action is not impossible and that the Near Eastern situation is possibly not substantially altered.—Reuter.

NAZI SAFETY MEASURES

Move To Meet R. A. F. Spring Offensive: Goebbels Warns Germans

LONDON, Feb. 18.

Raids during the night were chiefly over the London area and over East Anglia. The attack on London lasted 3-1/2 hours. The only casualties were caused by one heavy bomb which hit a shelter. Two nurses at a first aid post were killed. Incendiaries started fire in other places, but damage was slight.

It is revealed in London that some of the incendiaries used by the Germans contain small explosive charges.

Activity over East Anglia was widespread and continued throughout the hours of darkness. Reports hitherto received show the damage was slight and the number of casualties is likely to be small.

There was little activity elsewhere and one enemy bomber was destroyed during the night.

Nazi Safety Measures

Germany is being prepared for "massive bombardments" in an expected big scale British air offensive in the Spring, an independent French Agency correspondent on the German frontier reports. A wave of meetings throughout the Reich is getting the people ready for what is to come, evacuation of threatened towns is proceeding apace and a train-load of German children is arriving daily in Austria.

Inspection and overhauling of all shelters and building of new ones have been ordered even as far as Vienna. The German armament industries are increasing the orders to factories in occupied territories, notably France, which are believed to be safe from the R.A.F. attack.

Orders for several hundred million marks are principally for high precision machine tools, optical instruments, armoured cars and motor cars.

Dr. Goebbels speaking at Sportpalast in Berlin on February 11, is stated to have warned his listeners: "I do not hide the fact that there is still one adversary able to hit out."—Reuter.

SUEZ RAIDED

CAIRO, Feb. 18.

Enemy planes raided the Suez Canal area early this morning, it is announced in an official 'communique'. Bombs were dropped but there was no damage or casualties.

The 'communique' adds that "alarms were also sounded in certain other eastern parts of lower Egypt."—Reuter.

Dr. Syed Mahmud, member of the Congress Working Committee, who proposes to offer Satyagraha this week.

Japanese Retreat

"RED BALL GOES UP IN PACIFIC"

Tokio Volunteers Mediation In War

CHUNGKING, Feb. 18.

"RED BALL IN THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC"—RED BALL GOES UP IN CHUNGKING AS PRELIMINARY AIR RAID ALARM"—is the title of a leading article in to-day's Official Chinese Newspaper, "Central Daily News."

Commenting on the latest developments in the Pacific the paper declares that the mining of the Straits of Singapore indicates firstly, British determination to resist further Japanese expansion southwards and secondly, complete understanding between Britain and the United States and the Dutch East Indies regarding joint defence measures.

After declaring that Japan seemed to be weakening following the stiffening of the attitude of Britain and the United States in the Far East, the paper declares.

"Frostrated first in her northward expansion against Russia, then in her war against China and now in her southward expansion against Britain and the United States, Japan may quietly accept defeat and bow to pressure from Britain and the United States. The red ball goes up in the Pacific, but there may be no urgent alarm."

Tokio's Retreat

Despite her obligations to the Axis partner, the Japanese Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs told the Diet to-day that Japan is now negotiating with the Netherlands East Indies Government in London, says Reuter's London cable, Explaining the position he said that the Dutch Government in London was recognised as the authority responsible for the administration of the Netherlands East Indies.

Japan And Australia

The Japanese Consul-General, Mr. Akiyama, who is Charge d'Affaires in new Japanese Legation here, called on the acting Prime Minister, Mr. Fadden, to-day, says a Sydney message.

Mr. Fadden would not comment on the interview but Mr. Akiyama made a statement in which he said that he saw no symptoms of the trouble, which had been reported to be brewing in the Pacific. There were no particular grievances between Australia and Japan which could not be solved by peaceful negotiation.

Hitler Won't Confide It

Mr. Matsuoka told the House of Representatives to-day that the passage of the Lease and Lend Bill would have no important bearing on German action against England, for it would take six months before the measure would be effective, says a Tokyo message. In reply to a question he admitted that he did not know the exact date decided upon for the invasion of England. He added that Herr Hitler and von Ribbentrop would not convey to anybody the secret of such an important affair.

Is It Axis Feeler?

Japan is ready to mediate "in any war," if invited and if the situation is favourable, Mr. Ishii, the Japanese Government spokesman, told foreign press correspondents this morning.

Mr. Ishii read a prepared statement deploring "the various alarming reports" concerning tension in the Far East. He sought to stress Japan's desire for peace in contrast to "the warlike preparations by Britain and America to meet supposed contingencies in the Pacific and South Seas."

Mr. Ishii added: "We are utterly unable to see the good of prolonging the war".—Reute

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SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p. c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Introduction for Matrimony, Friendship, Trade, other 431 hobbies arranged. India, Abroad, Members 10,764 (Both) Mrs. Shaabdane, Secretary, Globe Introduction League, Nizamshahi Road, Hyderabad Deccan. (14212)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Two Typing Clerks, Salary 25|-, increment. Bill collector, salary 25 prospects. Refundable Deposit 100|- Box No. 14239 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted 3 Civil Engineers, 3 E. & M. Engineers, 6 Overseers, 4 Doctors and 3 Lawyers apply 14237 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted matriculates and under graduates to work as our permanent salesmen on pay Rs. 50|- plus Rs. 30|- T. A. per month. Apply with one and quarter anna stamp to Allied Industries & Trading Corporation, Aligarh. (14230)

Immediately Matriculate Junior-senior Grade Clerks, Store-clerks, Typists, Telegraphists. Bright Prospects, good salaries on approval. Apply for necessary qualifications required. The Manager, Garcons Syndicate, Ajmeri Gate, Delhi. (14238)

Wanted experienced Engineering Draughtsmen for machine shop None but qualified men need apply with full details to Box No. 4367, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted candidates for station-master, and signaller's course scholarship Rs. 30|- and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps The Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (14143)

Wanted Engineers, Supervisors, Store-keepers for out-door duty experienced in building construction. Experience of Military Hutted type construction would be given preference. Apply Box No. 14223, "Bombay Chronicle."

140. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Certificates and D.Com. degree Examinations begin in April in all towns. Entries: 15th March Society of Commerce, Sohangunj, Delhi. (14200)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 24th February, 1941, that day being a Public Holiday (MAHA SHIVRATRI) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

A. McCULLOCH,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 14th February, 1941.
(4351)

NOTICE

BACK BAY RECLAMATION ESTATE

Land West of Marine Lines Station
Area—About 52,000 sq. yds.

GOVERNMENT are prepared to dispose en bloc of the two sub-blocks of land West of Marine Lines Station in the Back Bay Reclamation Estate measuring about 52,000 sq. yds. either on a 99 years' rental lease or on a 999 years' premium lease. Intending lessees are, therefore, hereby requested to put in sealed offers in the approved offer form duly stamped with a stamp of Rs. 2|- and executed by the prospective lessees, so as to reach the Collector before 3 P.M., on the 27th of February, 1941. The offer should be accompanied by a deposit of Rupees three lakhs either in cash or in Government Securities of the market value of Rupees three lakhs and thirty thousand, and a further deposit of Rs. 7,500|- in cash. The deposits should not be enclosed in the sealed envelopes but should be paid to the Collector separately. The layout and terms of user will be published by Government in the Public Works Department.

The area is considered suitable for flats for the middle classes. Buildings will be allowed to cover more than one plot on condition that the total area of open spaces would remain the same as when the plots are developed singly with 20 feet open spaces all round, and it will be left to the lessee to provide the balance of the open space by providing children's play grounds, tennis courts, gardens, &c.

Shops and commercial premises will be allowed on plots fronting the road facing Marine Lines Station.

Forms of Offers with the forms of Agreement and Lease can be obtained at the Collector's Office for the price of annas eight per copy.

The Collector is not bound to accept the highest or any offer.

G. W. McELHINNY,
Collector of Bombay.
Collector's Office,
Bombay.
18th February, 1941.
(4364)

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—Crude Oil Engine 6 B.H.P. Kerosene Engine 2 B.H.P., Gas Engine with Gas Producer 8 B.H.P., Crossly Motor Engine 20 B.H.P., One Rice Huller, One Rice Mill (capacity 4 to 12 Bushels per hour.) One power rice threashing machine (90 Bushels per hour). One small ginning machine. D.C. Generators 230 volts, One 4.0 kw. one 4.8 kw. One 9 kw. One 19 kw. Motors 230 volts, One 2 B.H.P. One 1 B.H.P. Seven D.C. Ceiling fans 3 blades 24" x 6". One 100 B.H.P. Marshall and Son's make Steam Engine class "T". Apply, Alembic Chemical Works Co., Ltd., Engineering Department Baroda. (4306)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Stockists and Agents for Nilgiri Eucaliptus oil and other reputated. Moderate rates. High Commission. Lunar Chemical Works, Bezwada. (14235)

Public Notices

THE BRITISH INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

With effect from 25th February, 1941, the Head Offices of this Company will be located at the following address:—

MEHTA HOUSE,
APOLLO STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

Our Telephone numbers, Post Box number and telegraphic address remain unchanged.

(4375)

NOTICE.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY

Kalupur Relief Road Scheme.

SALE OF PLOTS

IN CONTINUATION of the previous advertisement it is hereby notified that the date of Auction of the plots of the Relief Road in the Kadia Kui Section is fixed on SUNDAY, the 9th March, 1941, and the time of auction is 9 A.M. Auction will be held on the site of the plots.

A copy of the plan showing the plots will be supplied at Rupee 1-0-0 (One) each and plots will be shown on request.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
(4303)

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY

VACANCIES exist in the undermentioned branches of the Royal Indian Navy. Applicants must be British subjects.

QUALIFICATIONS AND PAY

SEAMEN AND STOKERS: Age 17½—24 years. Applicants are required to be able to answer simple questions on Percentages, Averages and Areas, and to speak and write English or Hindustani. Pay: Rs. 20|- rising to Rs. 85|- p.m. (See Note).

WRITERS:—Age 17½—26 years. Must have passed Matriculation or Senior Cambridge or an equivalent examination. Must be able to type accurately at 40 words a minute. Pay: Rs. 40|- rising to Rs. 100|- p.m. (See Note).

SICK BERTH ATTENDANTS:—Age 17½—22 years. Must have passed VI Standard English. Pay Rs. 20|- rising to Rs. 85|- p.m.

STEWARDS: — Age 17½—26 years. Must have passed VI Standard English. Pay Rs. 20|- rising to Rs. 100|- p.m.

OFFICER'S COOKS:—Age 17½—26 years. Must be literate. Must produce certificates of ability to cook European food. Pay Rs. 30|- rising to Rs. 85|- p.m.

SHIP'S COOKS—Age 17½ to 26 years. Must speak Hindustani Must be able to cook Indian food. Pay Rs. 20|- rising to Rs. 28|- p.m.

TOPASSES (SWEEPERS)—Age 17½—26 years. Must speak Hindustani. Pay Rs. 20|- rising to Rs. 26|- p.m.

NOTE:—WARRANT RANK:—Selected men are eligible for promotion to Warrant Rank; pay Rs. 130|- to Rs. 270|- p.m. plus messing allowance @ Rs. 2|- per day.

ALLOWANCES:—In addition to the above rates of pay, the following allowances are payable:

(1) GOOD CONDUCT PAY:—Rs. 2|- to Rs. 4|- p.m after 4 to 12 years approved service.

(2) Additional pay varying from Rs. 2|- to Rs. 40|- p.m. is payable to ratings and Warrant Officers serving under certain conditions, on account of Expatriation, Batta, Extra duty pay and messing allowance.

(3) Non-substantive pay for specially qualified ratings up to the following maximums: Seamen Rs. 14|- Stokers Rs. 4|- Sick Berth Attendants Rs. 7|-.

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The enrolment period is for 10 years.

Uniform is issued free and an upkeep allowance granted.

Liberal free non-vegetarian rations are provided.

Good leave is granted.

For further particulars apply by letter or in person to:—

THE COMMANDING OFFICER,
R.I.N. Depot,
BOMBAY.
(3930)

Legal Notices

Re: ESTATE OF DOSSABHOY EDULJEE, .. Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claim against the estate of Dossabhoy Eduljee also known as D. Eduljee deceased, late of Bombay Parsi, a broker in pearls and diamonds in Paris, France who died at Bombay, on or about the 14th day of December, 1940, and Probate of whose Will was granted by the Bombay High Court on the 7th February, 1941, to Burjorji Pestonji Clubwalla of Bombay one of the Executors named in the said Will are requested to send in their claims within one month from this date to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executor at their office at Mercantile Bank Building, 54, Esplanade Road, Bombay after which date the said Executor will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised.

And all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Deceased are hereby required forthwith to pay the amount owing by them and/or to deliver up the said securities or property as the case may be to the said Executor at the office of his said Solicitors at the address aforesaid.

Dated this 18th day of February, 1941.

PAYNE & CO.,
Attorneys for the Executor.
(4380)

Public Notices

COCHINEAL STOCK
IN BOMBAY
Cable or write:
PEDRO GARCIA
65, PIAZZA CHAMBERS
LONDON, W.C. 2.
(4162)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai DOSIBAI SORABJI RUSTOMJI BOTTLEWALLA has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land, situate at Tardeo Road in Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 299 Square Yards or thereabouts and forming part of a larger piece of land registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 8, New No. 13463, Old Survey No. 457 and New Survey No. 1|3391 and Cadastral Survey No. 1|370 of Tardeo Division together with the dwelling house and all buildings standing thereon and known as "Russi Terrace" and bounded on the East by the property of Lalji Dayal and another. On the West by Tardeo Road, on the North by the property of Hormusji N. Davar and on the South by the property of Merwanji E. Bottlewalla and which premises are assessed under D Ward No. 3816 (1AA) and Street No. 89A.

Dated this 18th day of February, 1941.

MULLA & MULLA,
Purchasers Attorneys.
(4381)

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.,
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT MODIKHANA WITHIN THE FORT.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Vachha & Co., Attorneys for the Vendors, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Valuable Immovable Property on FRIDAY, the 21st February, 1941, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the Premises.

All that piece of Quit and Ground rent land with the buildings admeasuring 252 5/9 square yards bearing New Survey No. 8543 and Cadastral Survey No. 1068 of Fort Division and 'A' Ward No. 1962 (63) and Street Nos. 85, 14-16 situate at Modikhana and Mint Road in Bombay, being opposite to the Mosque.

For further Particulars please apply to Attorneys for the Vendors, or to the Undersigned

GANDHI & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOKED, UNBOOKED AND UNCLAIMED ARTICLES.

Under instructions from the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company and in accordance with Section 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890 Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction the following articles at the risk of the owners at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 19th February 1941, at the Railway Company's Bombay Central Parcel Office (near Grant Road Station).

A quantity of booked and unbooked Parcels, valuables, articles of clothings, books, umbrellas, vessels, etc.

A descriptive list of the booked articles can be seen at any of the important stations on the Broad-gauge section of the B. B & C. I Railway Company.

EXTOLLED BY CRITICS!

PRABHAT'S
Screen-Classic

PADOSI
(IN HINDI)
ALIAS
SHEJARI
(IN MARATHI)
Directed by SHANTARAM
4th WEEK AT
CENTRAL
PADOSI (Hindi) Daily 7, 9-45 p.m.
SHEJARI (Marathi) Daily 4 p. m.

A ROMANCE
of Hopes deferred
of Sacrifices endured—
The Incomparable
SADHONA BOSE
in
WADIA'S
Unforgettable Film Creation
Raj Nartaki
Directed by
MODHU BOSE
HINDUSTANI VERSION
2ND WEEK
AT
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

A POEM ON CELLULOID!
NEW THEATRES' Top-Notch Creation!....Ninth Week!
"NARTAKI"
Starring:
LEELA DESAI, NAJAM, PUNKAJ, etc.
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1-45 p.m.
MINERVA

From Saturday 22nd Feb.
IT'S YOUR DUTY
TO COME UP WITH YOUR FAMILIES TO SEE
ROSE PICTURES'
Super Social
DHARMA BANDHAN
(DUTY)
Starring:
KHURSHID, Y. EFENDI, ZEBUNNISA, etc.
NEXT SATURDAY
from 22nd at
NOVELTY
TALKIES .. Grant Road

TO-DAY at 1 P. M.
ZENANA SHOW
OF
Puja
Directed by A. R. KARDAR
Starring
Sardar Akhtar & Sitara
in LAST WEEK
PATHE
3-30, 6-30, 10 P.M.

PRAKASH'S
Crowning Achievement
NARSI BHAGAT
PAGNIS, DURGA KHOTE
Direction: VIJAY BHATT
23RD WEEK
KRISHNA
Daily 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
LADIES SHOW
Thurs. 20th 12 Noon

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY

NOTICE OF DECLARATION OF DIVIDEND.

Official Assignee of Bombay has declared a dividend in the following estates as per particulars mentioned below. The dividend will be paid on and after the 25th instant to those creditors who have proved their claims. The Dividend Warrants will be possted to the addresses of the creditors as appearing in the records of this office.

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Names of Estates.	Dividend declared	Rate of dividend declared in the Rupee
				As. Ps.
1.	243 of 1937 Re:	Cooverji Byramji Surti	FIRST	2— 8
2.	293 „ 1937 „	Nagindas Manekial Madhiwalla	„	0— 3½
3.	126 „ 1938 „	William Crudington	„	0— 5
4.	166 „ 1938 „	Dominic Doming John D'Souza	„	1— 0
5.	180 „ 1938 „	Roque Francis Gonsalves	„	4— 0
6.	292 „ 1938 „	Kantilal Thakordas Topiwalla	„	0— 4
7.	356 „ 1938 „	Dhanji Keshav Lohar	„	0—11
8.	361 „ 1938 „	Issac Sassoon Ashtamkar	„	0— 8
9.	376 „ 1938 „	Erachshaw Rationji Dastoor	„	0— 8
10.	414 „ 1938 „	Khan Bahadur Hakim Mahomed Dayam Bin Hakim Abdulla Shah	„	0— 4
11.	4 „ 1939 „	Donald Low	„	2— 6
12.	52 „ 1939 „	Govind Prabhakar Vartak	„	0— 6
13.	102 „ 1939 „	Patrick Martin	„	0— 2
14.	128 „ 1939 „	Nareshchandra Nandkishore Mehra	„	0— 4
15.	412 „ 1938 „	Mahadeo Vinayak Moghe	FIRST & FINAL	0— 7
16.	664 „ 1935 „	Mathias Francis Dominic D'Souza	SECOND	0— 5½
17.	768 „ 1935 „	Chunilal Shantaram Bhatt	„	2— 0
18.	175 „ 1937 „	Vellomvelly Krishnamoorthy Kutty	„	0— 2
19.	184 „ 1937 „	Dattatraya Anant Ghanekar	„	0— 6
20.	323 „ 1936 „	Reuben Benjamin Reuben	SECOND & FINAL	1—10
21.	160 „ 1931 „	Percy Welcome	THIRD	0— 9
22.	689 „ 1932 „	Karmally Bhojabhai Allarakhia and ors.	„	0— 1½
23.	801 „ 1933 „	Titus Fredrick Joseph	THIRD	0— 8
24.	315 „ 1934 „	Jacob Saul Mordecai Moses	„	0— ¾
25.	36 „ 1935 „	Ivan Robert Honeyford	„	0— 3
26.	406 „ 1936 „	Kashiram Ravji Sawant	SUPPLEMENTARY	0— 2
27.	276 „ 1937 „	Gerald Mitchell (Personal)	PREFERENTIAL DISTRIBUTION	16— 0
28.	353 „ 1938 „	Percival Edwin Beale	„	16— 0

Bombay, dated this 17th day of February, 1941.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILIMORIA.
Official Assignee of Bombay.
(4379)

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On The Air

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 19.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Anukul Chandra Das. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-25 A. Navsariwala. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Ramkrishnabuwa Vaze. 9-10 Air Quartet. 9-20 G. M. Nagpuri. 9-35 T. N. Ranade. 9-45 Saguna Kalyanpur. 12-30 p.m. Marathi Bhavgeets. 12-45 Classical songs. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Picked from the pictures. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Nadkarni. 5-15 A. R. Khan. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 G. M. Nagpuri. 5-50 Instrumental duets. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 T. N. Ranade. 6-30 Screen hits. 6-40 Recitations in Gujarati. 6-50 Khayal Purvi. 7 Our Bombay Journals. 7. 7-15 Bachubhai and Anantrao. 7-25 Talk of the town. 7-30 Air Qawwali party. 7-45 Instrumental music. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Topic of the day. 8-30 War and our industries. (Drugs, dyes and chemicals, by Dr. K. Venkataraman). 8-45 Sound-news. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Khayal. 10-15 Duets. 10-25 Pad. 10-30 Dadra. 10-35 Tarana. 10-40 Bhajan.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Ghazals. 8-15 Bibhas on Jaitarang. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Ramkrishnabuwa Vaze. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Geet. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 S. N. Chapekar. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 9 Sindhi song. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

19.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Ramkrishnabuwa Vaze. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-10 T. N. Ranade. 9-20 G. M. Nagpuri. 9-30 Agnes Barrett. 9-50 Joseph Szigeti. 9-55 Howard Veevers. 10-5 Chicago Symphony Orchestra. 10-15 Frieda Dyer. 10-25 Joseph Szigeti. 10-30 Raghbir Singh.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres 886 kc/s)

5 p.m. For women. 5-45 Nisar Ahmad Khan. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Tara Devi. 6-30 Books about the war. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-45 Ballet. 2. 8-5 Bande Hasan. 8-20 It has happened. 8-25 Nisar Ahmad Khan. 8-40 Jigar Ki Ghazlen. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-30 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Nisar Ahmad Khan. 10-5 Tara Devi. 10-15 Duet. 10-25 Bageshwari on the Sitar. 10-35 Bande Hasan. 10-45 News in English.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. Kamodeshwar Bhattacharya. 5-15 Smritikana Ghose. 5-25 Sudhir Kumar Das. 5-35 Kamodeshwar Bhattacharya. 5-45 News in Bengali. 5-50 Smritikana Ghose. 6 News in English. 6-5 For the rural and industrial areas. 6-30 Significance of suffering in our spiritual life. 7 Padmarani Chatterjee. 7-15 Where North and South meet. 7-45 Ali Ahmed. 8 Eitei ki kom 8-30 Ali Ahmed. 8-40 Announcements in Bengali. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 London pride. 4. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Excerpts from musical comedy.

Hyderabad Programme

7-30 to 7-45 For children (1) Promise by Mr. Basharat Ali Durani. (2) Geography by Mr. G. S. Bhan. 7-45 Vocational Education —A talk by Mr. Syed Ali Akbar. 8 News in Urdu. 8-20 News in English

B. B. C. Programme

(Wavelengths: 4 a.m. to 10-5 31.55m.; 6-30 to 10-5, 31.32m.; 6 to 8-15 a.m. 25.53m.; 7-30 to 9-45 31.55m.)

16-25 Programme. 16-30 News. 16-45 From Old Country by Robert Donat. 17-00 B B C Band. 17-30 H. Welchman (To-day We Present). 17-45 Peter Porcupine Story of W. Cobbett. 18-30 News. 18-45 Questions of Hour. 19-15 Fats Waller, Piano. 19-25 Programme. 19-30 Weekly Letter by W. Holmes. 19-45 Nippy Musical Comedy. 20-30 London Letter by Sir Frederick Whyte. 20-45 Music of Britain. 21-00 News from Christian World.

INDUSTRIES AND WARS:—The way our industries are affected by war conditions is chosen as the subject of a new series of English talks from Bombay. Last year a series under the same name was broadcast and it forecasts a bright industrial future for India during the war. The forecast has come true to-day and various industrial magnates of the City will show how our industries are developing. (To-night) Wednesday, Dr. K. Venkatraman, Director of the Department of Chemical Technology in the Bombay University will talk on drugs, dyes and chemicals over the import of which crores are being spent every year.

The talker will coonsider the possibilities and the benefits of the manufacture of chemicals in India. The promotion of employment for millions of idle hands and the enormous saving in the country's wealth are only two of the many advantages.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M	Dep H.M.
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	8 55	18-10
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9-30	20 15
Madras Express	10 15	14 30
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21 00
Poona Express	19-30	08-05
Allahabad Express	20-25	07 00
Poona Fast Passenger	21 45	13-10

B. B. and C. I. Railway.

(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-05
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Gujarat Mail	6-45	22-00
Kathiawar Mail	7-25	21-30
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee. Baisar	*9 15	15-35
The Flying Ranee. Surat	*9 48	15-10
The Flying Ranee. Surat) (Except Monday)	10-58	00-00
The Flying Ranee. Surat (Except Saturday)	00-00	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	19-05	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20-48	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday.

Foreign Offerings Dry Up On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

BOMBAY LIQUIDATION MEETS TRADE PRICE-FIXING

Unimpressive Session Awaiting Developments

Bombay: Feb. 18.

On Monday the New York cotton market was unimpressive with traders awaiting developments. The market responded to the steadier stock market and drying up of offerings. The market opened steady Prices declined early on the easiness of overseas cables and Bombay liquidation and hedging partly against Brazilian cotton. At present prices there will be no inducement to repossess cotton from Government loans but in view of British import monopoly and consequent fear of closing down of the futures market all hedges will find place in the New York market. Already there are signs of hedging against the Brazilian cotton. Later on prices rallied on trade price fixing and local buying with the session closing steady. Buyers on the Chicago market were discouraged by favourable weather reports.

NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

The New York cotton market opened at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of one point with March 10.17. There was absence of any important foreign selling except small Bombay liquidations which was well absorbed and prices hardened on trade buying and within half an hour March reached the highest level for the day, namely 10.24. Thereafter the market was inclined to await developments and finally closed at a rise of 3 points to unchanged. Spot cotton prices gained one point at 10.70c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quietly steady with a slightly improved buying and closed at a rise of 1 to 2 points. Spot Cotton prices improved 2 pts at 10.00c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 8 pts with March 8.24. The market weakened in sympathy with New York and stoploss sales met trade calling. Official weekly values for Americans were 8.10 and Egyptians were unchanged. The sharp reduction in American cotton prices unsettled the market. There was some liquidation and March declined to 8-20, but rallied to 8.24 on trade calling. The market closed at a net decline of 8 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed 6 pts down at 8.52d per lb.

EGYPTIAN MARKET

The Egyptian cotton market was also quiet in sympathy with Americans. Uppers futures closed 6 pts down and Giza contracts lost 3 pts.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:—

In the Ready Market demand was poor. The high premiums of staples compared with the low grades has restricted local mill demand somewhat with a resultant slight easing in basis. The recent favourable weather in Gujerat and Kathiawar is accelerating the crop movement. The scarcity of freight continues to handicap fresh export business in raw cotton and piecegoods. Local receipts on 15th inst. were 12,966 bales.

The Forward Market opened lower than expected owing to nervousness over the international political situation. Heavy liquidation by the Bazaar and option dealers was offset by liberal short covering on the part of Commission Houses and prices improved slightly. Towards the close free selling by Exporters and renewed liquidation by option dealers was met with further short covering and the market closed barely steady.

In view of the impending staple crop movement from Gujerat, Kathiawar and Western centres the present parity of Rs. 42 between the July contract of F. G. Broach and Oomras looks attractive, though much depends on the Far-Eastern political situation, which, however, has already been discounted to a considerable extent. It must also be remembered that a further deterioration would likely affect the Broach sales to Shanghai.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 10.24+06 (10 29 a.m.); lowest 10.17—01 (10 a.m.)

Liverpool March highest 8.27—05; Lowest 8.20—12

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool.—Market easy. Buyers holding back. Small trade buying.

New York.—Trade absorbing liquidation.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from New York Cotton Exchange Service:—

Total distribution American through January 5,014,000 which smallest at least two decades. Sales finished goods twice output unfinished slower. Business expands. Commodities steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: Feb. 17.

March	10.19+01
May	10.17+03
July	10.02+02
October	9.55+01
December	9.52
January	9.53+03
Middling Spot	10.70+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans: Feb. 17.

March	10.25+02
May	10.20+02
July	10.05+01
October	9.60+02
December	9.56+01
January	9.55+02
Spot	10.00+02

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: Feb. 17.

10-55 a.m. Ranges. Noon Call

March	10.22	10.22
May	10.18	10.19

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York: Feb. 17.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	10,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	Nil.
Day's exports to China and Japan	1,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: Feb. 17.

March	8.24—08
May	8.25—08
July	8.26—08
October	8.20—08
December	8.17—08
Middling Spot	8.52—06

11 a.m. QUOTATIONS

March	8.24

Share Bazar Rules Steady

MILD BUYING IN STEELS AND TEXTILES

Colaba Mill Shares Active

Bombay: Feb. 18.

The local Share Bazar was fairly steady with scattered buying. There was a restricted turnover and as usual mill shares maintained firmness with selective buying. Yesterday New Great Mill shares were firm, while to-day there was active buying in Colaba Mill shares

A mild extension of Saturday's rally on the Wall-St. market was rendered unimpressive by apatnetic dealings with biddings soon subsiding and taxes and war fears being the chief impediments. Steels were mildly supported and the market turned idle without any definite trend, but closed stea dy U. S. Steel shares improved 1/2 at 57 7/8 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares closed 3/8 at 22 7/8 dollars.

The local market was fairly steady but dealers were inclined to await the Central Budget. Thus the market is likely to be narrow with irregular price movement

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1935 and after improving to Rs. 1942 declined to Rs. 1935 At this level there was mild support and prices rallied to Rs. 1945. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 378 and improved to Rs. 380. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs 1097/8 and steadied at Rs 1102/8, while Colaba Mill shares were active around Rs. 175.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay: Feb. 18.

Bombay Dyeing	(1097/8) 1106 1096 1100
Century	(375) 375 376 375 377 376 377
Central India	(305) 307 306
Kohinoor	(413) 417 415 414 415
New Great	(425) 428 424 425
Simplex	(104/8) 105 106/8
Swadeshi	(275) 277 276/8
Associated Cement	(137) 137/8 138/4
Andhra	(1835) 1835
Tramway Ordinary	(135) 135
Tata Hydro	(185/8) 185/8
Tata Power	(1612/8) 1630 1622 1615 1620
Tata Steel Defd.	(1927/8) 1935 1942 1937 1940 1935 1945 1946
Tata Steel Ordinary	(377) 378 379 378 380 379/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref.	(149) 149 148/12 149
Bellapur	(210/8) 211
Bombay Steam	(320) 320
Bombay Burma	(523/12) 530 531 528 530

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, Feb. 18.

100	Ahm. Advance	281	4
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1100	0
100	CENTURY	377	8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	306	0
100	COLABA	174	8
100	Coorla	105	0
250	David	30	0
250	Dawn	342	8
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 9	3
100	FINLAY	179	0
100	GOKAK	209	8
1000	Hindustan	1925	0
100	Indore	56	0
100	Khatau	148	12
100	KOHINOOR	415	0
250	LAXMI	535	0
100	MORARJI	225	0
250	Model	78	8
50	MYSORE X.D.	110	0
200	NEW GREAT	425	0
100	Oosmanshahi	51	8
100	Phoenix	266	0
25	Sassoon Silk	85	8
1000	Sholapur	2790	0

50	SIMPLEX	106	8
100	SWADESHI	276	8
100	SWAN	168	0
500	Vishnu	1277	8
1000	Western	1080	0
	BANKS		
50-100	BARODA	108	4
25-50	CENTRAL	43	4
500	IMPERIAL	1562	8
125-500	Imp. Contrys.	385	10
50-100	India	144	0
100	RESERVE BANK	105	0
5	UNION	6	10
	CEMENTS		
100	ASSOCIATED	138	4
	INSURANCE		
100	Empire	633	12
15-100	JUPITER	13	8
20	Mercantile	64	12
15-75	NEW INDIA	41	0
200	Oriental	395	0
10-50	Vulcan	8	3
	ELECTRIC		
100	AHMD OLD X.D	175	10
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1835	0
10	AJMER	12	3
50	BOMBAY TRAM	135	0
100	Bombay Suburban	185	0
10	Broach	14	0
100	Karachi	213	12
100	Poona	215	0
100	Surat	180	0
100	TATA HYDRO	185	8
1000	TATA POWER	1620	0
	RAILWAYS		
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	955	0
100	C Province	103	12
100	Dhond Baramati	104	4
100	Gujarat X D	1.2	12
100	Mandra Bhon	103	8
100	Pachora Jamner	63	8
100	Sara Sirajgunj	104	8
500	Tapti Valley	648	12
	MININGS		
9	Burma Corporation	5	1
8sh.	Indian Copper	2	1
10	Indian Iron and Steel	30	5
10	SHIVRAJPUR	38	4
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	1946	4
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	379	8
10	Steel Corporation	18	7
	MISCELLANEOUS		
100	ALCOCK	565	0
10	Air Service	3	4
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	210	0
200	Bombay Safe Dep N	59	0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	320	0
125	B. BURMA	530	0
50	B. Burma Cont.	185	10
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3 5	6
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	59	8
100	IND. BLEACHING	127	8
50	Ind. Invest Trust	46	12
100	Ind Radio Def	513	12
100	Indian Radio Ord.	511	4
100	Port Canning	89	0
30	PREMIER Con	95	12
15	SCINDIA	21	2
25	Tata Oil	42	0
100	Wimco	203	0
	PREFERENCE		
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1537	8
6	p.c Bombay Steam	308	12
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T. F.) X.D.	76	0
5	p.c. India (T F.)	632	8
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st	118	8
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 2nd	110	12
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	153	12
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1575	0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	213	12
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	149	0
7	p.c. Vishnu	741	4
	DEBENTURES		
5	3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	101	4
6	p.c Andhra Valley	101	4
4	p.c. Bom. Telephone	51	8
5	p.c. Sholapur	76	6
5	p.c. Tata Hydro	100	4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: Feb. 17.

The Stock Exchange was dull apart from Home Rails where anticipatory speculative buying in view of dividend announcements due on 28th Feb. caused useful advances.

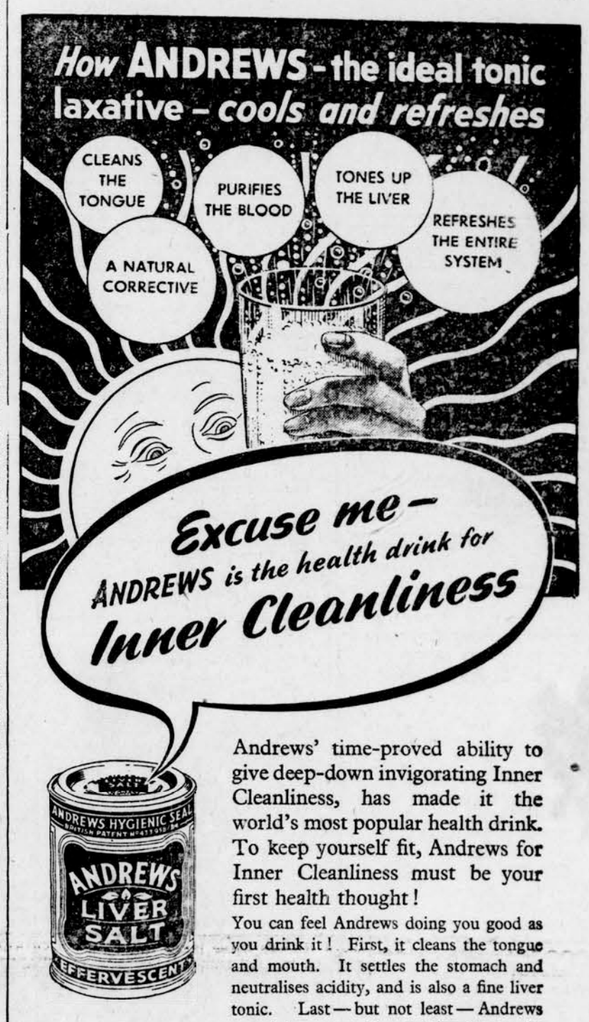
Gilt-edged were steady. Oils irregular, Industrials tended easier, especially Textiles on projected curtailment, but Tobaccos maintained and Kaffirs were steady at small decline which Japanese Bonds rallied on the lessening of Far East tension

Wall Street was quietest.

FREE

Just send 4 annas stamps to get miraculous medicines of any sexual or venereal disease. Free for trial so that you may be convinced of their action before you spend and may not be deceived as at other places. Gonorrhoea magically cured in a week without trial.

RAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A., Gold Medalist & Famous Sex Specialist Chamberlain Road, Lahore (India).



Andrews' time-proved ability to give deep-down invigorating Inner Cleanliness, has made it the world's most popular health drink. To keep yourself fit, Andrews for Inner Cleanliness must be your first health thought!

You can feel Andrews doing you good as you drink it! First, it cleans the tongue and mouth. It settles the stomach and neutralises acidity, and is also a fine liver tonic. Last—but not least—Andrews completes your Inner Cleanliness by gently clearing the bowels, sweeping away all poisons, leaving the bloodstream pure and cool.

Pleasant-tasting Andrews has been giving Inner Cleanliness to millions for nearly fifty years. Take it whenever you feel you need it—to correct constipation, relieve stomach and liver troubles.

When I was suffering severely from constipation, I tried various remedies but none of them had any effect. I then came to know of Andrews Liver Salt and after a few doses I got immediate relief, and by continuing with it, I am pleased to say that I got quite rid of this most worrying complaint.

(Mr.) B. S.

For Inner Cleanliness, be regular with your

ANDREWS LIVER SALT

Health Drink and Tonic Laxative

Handy Size As. 11 Family Size Rs. 1/4

50

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: Feb. 18.

Trading was narrow and hesitant on the market to-day with price movements remaining featureless. Tata Deferreds opened a shade better at 1882/8 and ruled between 1885 and 1880 closing finally at 1885, while Tata Ordinaries, after opening at 372/8, moved between 372 and 373. Bombay Dyeings opened at 1070 and after receding to 1065, reacted to 1070. Indian Irons were quietly steady around 30/6

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1877/8) 1882/8 85 80 85

Tata Ordinaries (371/8) 372/8 72 73 72/8 73.

Bombay Dyeings (1065) 1070 65 70.

Tata Ordinary 373, Tata Deferred 1885, Indian Iron 30/6, Bombay Dyeing 1070, Century 361/4, Central India 295/10, Kohinoor 404/6, Associated Cement 134/8, Bombay Burma 510, Scindia Steam 21/2, Tata Hydro 180, Reserve Bank 105/4, Imperial Bank F P 1565, Central Bank 44, Bank of India 143/10, 3 1/2 per cent Paper 95.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Feb. 18.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/2 at New York.

London spot and forward Silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/4d. The market was idle without any business.

New York spot silver was also unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 5/16. London Bombay spot and forward Silver parity was Rs. 6/1/3. The local market was quietly steady with a restricted turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

Quotations were as under:—

	Gold	Silver
Ready	Rs. 42 7 9	63 4 0
Fagan	Rs. 42 7 9	63 1 0
Sovereigns:	Rs. 28/11/6.	

LONDON SILVER

London: Feb. 17.

Spot	23 1/4
Forward	23 1/4

LONDON GOLD

London: Feb. 17.

Gold bars fine per Oz	£8/8/0

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay: Feb. 18.

	Rs.as.ps.
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	30 0 0
Highest	30 5 0
Lowest	30 0 0
Closing	30 5 0
Groundnuts February—	
Opening	25 4 6
Highest	25 5 6
Lowest	25 3 0
Closing	25 5 6
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	18 7 3
Highest	18 9 9
Lowest	18 7 3
Closing	18 8 9
Groundnuts May—	
Opening	26 4 6
Highest	26 6 6
Lowest	26 2 0
Closing	26 5 0

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: Feb. 18.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—

Shipment December Rs. 9/4 F.B.H.

Shipment March Rs 9/3 F.B.H.

Indian Sugars Ready—

Ready ordinary Rs. 14/4 to 14/8

Ready large grain Rs. 14/9 to 15/10.

Tone:—Firm.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Feb. 18.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 98-10
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 95
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-12
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 99
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 94-3
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 102 6
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 108-1
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 104 8
3 per cent War Bonds 100-10
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 113-8

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 112-2
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 115-8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 107-8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 107-8
5 per cent M Deb 1959 116
6 per cent M Deb 1954 127
6 per cent K P T 1956 127

Tone: Quietly steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: Feb. 18.

LONDON:—

B C. RATES:—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 16th August

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 16th Aug.

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 16th Aug.

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 two months

NEW YORK:—

Bank's selling T T 332 3/4

Bank's buying T T 329 3/4

Bank's buying D D 328

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 81 1/4 nominal

Bank's buying T T 77 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 76 1/4 nominal

JAVA:—

Bank's selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG:—

Bank's selling D D 85 1/4

SHANGHAI:—

Bank's selling D D 21 1/2

SINGAPORE:—

Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES:—

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 18th inst.

Shanghai/London 0/3 19/32 18th inst.

New York/London 4.03 1/4 17th inst.

London/Java 7.58/62 17th inst.

London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 17th inst.

London/Switzerland 17.30/40 17th inst.

London/Stockholm 16.85/95 17th inst.

London/Japan 1/2 1/2 17th inst.

London/Canada 4.43/47 17th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold £8/8/0 17th inst.

Silver London Ready 23 1/4 17th inst.

Silver London Forward 23 1/4 17th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 14th inst

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 17th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 17th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call unendable.

3 months 1/2 per cent

6 months 3/4 per cent.

Tone: Very easy

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales.	1940/41	1939/40
Receipts to date 17-2-41	2844000	6233000
Receipts yesterday 17-2-41	10000	28000
Export to date 17-2-41	712000	4712000
Stock at Ports 14-2-41	3494000	2954000
Stock at interior towns do	3192000	2892000
Stock at Liverpool 14-2-41		
Visible Supply 14-2-41		
Quantity in sight 14-2-41	8601000	11134000
Quantity out of sight 14-2-41		

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay: Feb. 18.

Linseed May	4 11 6
Wheat May	3 11 0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: Feb. 18.

It appears that once again pessimistic feeling is gaining ground in the local market and we find persistent selling also with Bear pressure which makes the situation oversold to some extent

There are some who argue that in the absence of sufficient exports the outlooks remains bearish, but they forget that cotton is not perishable like vegetables and it can be stored for few years. It is true that owing to war normal trade is dislocated but domestic consumption is increasing rapidly and there is very good demand for staple cotton.

Following a rise of one point in New York cotton futures the local market was expected to open at Rs. 182/8 for Broach A/M delivery, but the market opened steady at Rs. 183/8 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 184/8 on scattered buying. Later on there appeared general liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 183. The tone of the market was quiet

At this level there was further selling and prices declined to Rs. 182/4. Japanese were buying Oomras and the market soon hardened with active covering and buying by Mahajan operators and Broach improved to Rs. 185. Scattered realising was responsible for the recession to Rs. 184/4. Liverpool opened one point down and was unchanged later. In the local market Broach after declining to Rs. 184 improved to Rs. 185. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach April/May	Rs. 184/8
F G M G Broach July/August	Rs. 185/8
Fine M G Oomra March	Rs. 143/8
Fine M G Oomra May	Rs. 146/8
Fine M G Oomra July	Rs. 147/8
F G M G Bengal March	Rs. 118/0
F G M G Bengal May	Rs. 119/0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: Feb. 18.

Approx. Quotations.	Ready.	Deiry. contract
Bengal Fine	116/19	
Berar	135/42	
C. P. 1	163/67	
C. P. 2	145/50	
Khandesh	115/22	
Muglai	126/28	
	Feb.	March
Broach	+10	+6½
Punjab S G 289F	308/3	
Punjab R G 289F	283/88	
Punjab R G 4F	218/23	

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 406 penny points at 1/6

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 402 penny points at 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 314 cent points at 331

Broach J/A below New York July 291 cent points at 331

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: Feb. 17.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach A/M	184 3/4	182	182 1/4
Broach J/A	186	183 3/4	184 1/4
Oomra March	142 1/2	138 1/4	138 1/4
Oomra May	144 1/2	140 1/4	140 1/4
Oomra July	146 1/2	142 1/4	142 1/4
Bengal March	117	115	115
Bengal May	118 1/4	116	116

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool: Feb. 17.

UPPERS. GIZA NO. 2

Spot	11.11—3	12.04—4
March	10.39—6	11.05—3
May	10.40—6	11.04—3
July	10.41—6	11.00—3
November	10.36—6	11.02—3

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: Feb. 18.

	Extra Spr-fine.	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P	125	123	120	118	
M G Punjab	125	123	120	118	
M G Rajputana	131	129	126	124	
M G Oomra No. 3	148	145	142	139	..
M G C. P. No. 1	167	164	161	158	..
M G C. P. No. 2	155	152	149	146	..

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay: Feb. 18.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

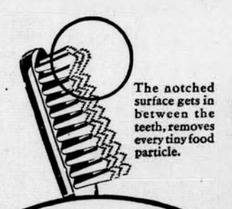
In full-pressed bales. 2 days.

	This year.	Since 1st Septr. Last year
Khandesh	140	75,251	48,245
Central India	147	79,110	62,737
Barsi and Nagar	1,063	72,898	101,253
Hyderabad/Gaorani	228	24,201	25,987
Berar	2,120	241,328	233,815
Central Provinces		46,222	55,903
Total Oomras	3,688	539,010	541,939
Dholeras	447	38,645	35,154
N.-W. Provinces		1,006	21,791
Rajputana	66	3,522	23,653
Sind-Punjab	2,447	310,008	281,033
Broach	383	17,820	87,122
Coompta & Dharwar	18	29,711	14,683
Westerns-Northerns	53	30,521	16,419
Cocoanada		239	50
Tinnevelly & Cambodia		522	1,309
Total	7,102	971,064	1,023,303
Arrived by road to 6th Feb.		132,250	133,248

LONDON RUBBER

London: Feb. 17.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 12-7/b.



The notched surface gets in between the teeth, removes every tiny food particle.

WHY Pro-phy-lac-tic BRUSHES ARE SO SUPERIOR

1. The big end tuft assures thorough cleansing of back teeth as well as front.
2. The notched surface cleans in between all the teeth—front and back, inside and outside.
3. Brush is welded to handle by special Perma-Grip process.
4. Highest quality—lasts longer—most economical.

Remember—only a brush with a tufted end *thoroughly* cleans *all* teeth.

IT IS GENUINE ECONOMY TO BUY A Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip

● Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip tooth brushes *do* last longer—because they're made better. They clean teeth better, too—the big end tuft assures this. It reaches way back in the mouth—removes tiny food particles non-tufted brushes often miss. You can *always* clean your teeth *better* with a tufted end brush. *Always sold in the yellow box.*

20-A

INSIST UPON Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

LAST 2 DAYS!
DARING ADVENTURE WITH SPIES IN THE DARKNESS OF A LONDON BLACKOUT!
CONRAD VEIDT
IN
"CONTRABAND"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Release
with
VALERIE HOBSON

CAPITOL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
"Mutiny on the Bounty"
with
CHARLES LAUGHTON
CLARK GABLE.
M-G-M'S SUPER HIT!
NEXT FRIDAY
LAUREL & HARDY
in
"CLOSE SHAVE"
For The First Time in Bombay.

REGAL
Phone: 35017
TO-NIGHT ONLY
DEANNA DURBIN
in
IT'S A DATE
TO-MORROW ONLY!
DANIEL DARIEUX
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS Jr.
IN
RAGE OF PARIS
FROM SATURDAY
TYRONE POWER
in his finest Role
and a 20th Century Fox Hit
The MARK of ZORRO
with
LINDA DARNELL
BASIL RATHBONE
BOOK TO-DAY.
PLANS OPEN.

He talks and how!

Charlie Chaplin
in his new comedy
The Great DICTATOR
Produced, written and directed by CHARLIE CHAPLIN
with PAULETTE GODDARD
JACK OAKIE · HENRY DANIELL
REGINALD GARDINER · BILLY GILBERT
MAURICE MOSCOVICH
Released thru United Artists
NEW EMPIRE
3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Free list & concessions entirely suspended
PRICES:—Matinee, Regular Rates: Rs. 2/4, Rs. 1/2, As. 9, As. 4.
6-30 & 10 P.M. Rs. 3/6, Rs. 2/4, As. 14 As. 9.

NEW YORK COTTON SIX POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES
MARCH 1941.

	New York, Feb 18
Previous closing	10.19
To-day's opening	10.23
Difference	+04
To-day's closing	10.25
Difference	+06

BROACH EXPECTATION

April/May	Rs. 185-8
July/August	Rs. 187-8

LIVERPOOL COTTON
MARCH 1941.

	Liverpool, Feb 18
Previous closing	8.24
To-day's opening	8.23
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	8.23
Difference	—01

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Feb 18

The New York cotton displayed a more cheerful sentiment with encouraging Bombay cables inducing more interest but lack of constructive developments at home and abroad checked further enterprise.

Trading in March began at 10.23 i.e. four points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on good trade support and price-fixing which met some Bombay liquidation and hedging.

The following are to-day's opening ranges in New York cotton:—
March (10.17/17) 10.24/23
May (10.13/13) 10.20/20
July (9.98/98) 10.07/06

The following are opening rates on Liverpool cotton market:—
American March (8.25) 8.23
American May (8.26) 8.24
Egyptian Giza March (11.04) 11.06
Egyptian Giza May (11.03) 11.04

LONDON COMMODITIES
London, Feb 18

Castorseeds January February unquoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta February March (£18 9/16 quoted) £18 9/16
Linseed La Plata March (£11 3/8 quoted) £11 3/8
Groundnuts Coromandal February March (£17 1/4 quoted) £17 1/4
JUTES
Dundee (£43) £43
Lightning (£40) £40
RUBBER
Spot (12 3/4d paid) 12 13/16d paid and buyers

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES
T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, Feb 18

Previous closing	4.03 1/4
To-day's opening	4.03

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, Feb 18

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London, Feb 18
T. T. London on Paris not quoted.

LONDON SILVER CABLE
London, Feb 18
The following cable was received from London:—
Market quiet and steady.

LONDON SILVER
London, Feb 18

Spot (23 1/4d)	23 5/16d +1/16
Forward (23 1/4d)	23 5/16d +1/16

LONDON GOLD
London, Feb 18
London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, Feb 18
London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

CROSS RATES
London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.35) 30.35
London on Shanghai (0-3 9/32 to 0-3 19/32) 0-3 5/16 to 0-3 5/8
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS
3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay, Feb 18
There was no trading during the night session.

Forward January March (12 13/16d paid and value) 12 15/16d paid and value

LONDON METALS
Tin (£266 buyers; £265 1/2 sellers, Strong) £269 1/4 buyers; £269 3/4 sellers. Firm.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS
Bombay: Feb. 18.

130 ctns empty glass bottles, 210 coils cold heading wire and basic wire, 25 dms dyes, 23 boxes steel bars, 67 bls secondhand clothing, 1420 bags powdered Glucose, 1400 bls old newspapers, 909 bls newsprint paper, 2059 bls overissued newspapers, 313 boxes steel tubes, 65 c/s machinery 311 pcs Beechwood lumber, 500 carboys hydrogen peroxide, 25 bdls corrugated paper boxes, pads and linersy.

EXPORTS
Bombay: Feb. 18.

391 bls cotton grey yarn Ebrahim Noordin and Co; 3200 bags bone sinews B Ardeshir and Co; 237 bags gum Ebrahim Mavji and Co; 184 bls cotton grey yarn Jethabhai Jeevan and Co; 100 bdls gum A H Ismail and Co; 150 bls cotton grey yarn Sankaichand G Shah and Co; 247 bls cotton grey yarn Keshavji Virji and Co; 100 bls cotton grey yarn Maganlal Bros; 400 bls cotton waste Sapt Textile Products (India), Ltd; 217 bgs psyllium husk D Abraham and Sons; 400 bls cotton grey yarn Hebatbhoy Abdeali; 5 bls cotton pcegoods E D Sassoon and Co; 400 bls raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading So Ltd; 40 jottas ooplate Hebatbhoy Abdeali; 60 bgs grdnut seed Hebatbhoy Abdeali; 100 bls raw cotton Raghavji Kanji and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Khimji Vishram and Sons; 200 bls raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 100 bls raw cotton K Poonja and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Lalji Ramji and Co; 100 bls raw cotton R Parsarampuria and Co; 200 bls raw cotton G K Kaisha Ltd; 200 bls raw cotton Gordhandas and Co; 200 bls cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 200 bls raw cotton Volkart Bros; 300 bls raw cotton T M Kaisha, Ltd.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Coals & Jutes Less Active

Calcutta, Feb. 18.

The stock exchange ruled quiet but steady in all sections and moderate business was put through. Coals and Jutes were less active while Cottons, Teas, Speculative Engineering issues and Government securities were moderately supported.

The following were closing quotations:—
Government securities: 3 per cent loan 1963/65 94/4; 3 per cent loan 1946 101 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent G P 94/12; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 107/10 small lot; 3 per cent U P loan 1961/66 92/14 small lots.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1578; Reserve 105/12.

Railways: Darjeeling Himalayan pref 101; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar (Guaranteed) 110.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textiles 6/9; Kesoram 6; Elgin Mills ord 18/10 ct; New Victoria ord 1/14.

Coals: Amalgamated 27/4; Baraboni annas 2; Bengal 357; Bhalgora 5/1; Burrakur 13/8; Central Kurkend 14/4; Dhemo Main 14/11; Lakurka 9/6; Mundulpore 10/4; Raneegunge 25/8; Samla 2/1; Sendra 12/4; South Karanpura 4/5; Talcher 1/9; West Jamuria 30/8.

Jutes: Asiamjee pref 153; Anglo-India 310; do pref 172; Budge Budge 332/8; Cheviot pref 156/8 small lot; Empire pref 159; Howrah 49/4; do 7 per cent pref 173; Hukumchand 8/10; do pref 117/8; Kamarhatty 450; Lothian pref 173; Megna 36/4; Naihati 280 small lots; Naskarpara 18; National 21/2; Nuddea 53/4; Presidency 4/3.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 5/2; Indian Copper 2; Rhodesia Copper annas 15; Dalmia Cement ord 11/13; do pref 109 small lot; Alkali and Chemical ord 17/8; Frank Ross 4/6; Bengal Telephone ord 18/2 small lot; do pref 12/12; Comilla Elec 26/4; Cuttack Elec 9/12 ct; Lahore Elec ord 284; do B ord 27/12; Braithwaite Avd Co. 10/5; Britannia Eng 10/13; Hukumchand Steel ord 10/10 small lot; do defd 3; Indian Galvanising 29/15 odd lot; Indian Iron 30/4; Indian St. Wagon ord 60 small lot; Inlian Steel and Wire Products conty 7; Kumardhubi Eng pref 124; National Iron and Steel 8/4; Steel Corpn ord 18/5; do pref 116 small lot; B I Corpn ord 4/13; do pref 181; Dunlop Rubber ord 39/8; do second pref 116 small lot; Ivan Jones 2/3; British Burma Petrol 3/7; Orient Paper ord 10/7; Titaghur Paper ord 16/8 small lot; do 8 per cent pref 201; Midnapore Zemindary 70 small lots; Murree Brewery 13/2.

Teas: New Dooars 975; Tezpore pref 15/4; Tukvar 11/4 ct.

Debentures: 5 1/2 per cent 1939/47 Dalmia Cement 102/8; 5 1/4 per cent 1938/50 Rohtas Industries 102/8; 4 1/4 per cent 1936/41/46 Titaghur Paper 103.—A. P.

AMERICAN WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS

(IN 1,000'S)

	New York, Feb 14 Season to-date	This week	Season 1939-40
Total in sight (excluding linters)	8,601	188	11,134
Forwarded to American mills including Canada and other America (excluding linters)	5,734	198	5,489
Exports from U S ports	711	10	4,690
Of which to Japan	62	1	663
Of which to China	24	2	310
Of which to Great Britain	334	—	1,517
Of which to Russia	139	—	30
Stock at U S ports	—	3,494	—
Stock at U S interior towns	—	3,192	—
World's visible supply	—	—	—
Of which American cotton	—	—	—
Forwarded to world's mills (excluding linters)	—	—	—
Receipts at U S ports	2,825	69	6,184

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS (IN 1,000'S)

Total forwarded	1,344	47	1,633
East Indian forwarded	188	24	193

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: Feb. 18.

Yellow metal sheet	Rs. 70
Copper sheets	Rs. 75

Tone:—Steady at the decline.

PEPPER & GINGER

Bombay: Feb. 18.

The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.:—

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	75	0	0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15 per candy	78	4	0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy	80	4	0
Ginger bleached per cwt	15	0	0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15 per cwt	12	8	0

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Sugars And Papers In Demand

Madras, Feb 18

There has been no special feature in the local stock exchange. Securities have been on the quieter side and Planting issues have shown no appreciable change. In miscellaneous issues, Electrics shares were favoured while Chemical shares along with Sugars and Papers were in good demand. Otherwise the market was hesitant.

Transactions reported from 12 noon yesterday to 12 to-day:

Pankajas 96; Coimbatore Spinning 35; Madura Mills 40; Cambodias 9; Udaygiris 6, 6/1, 6/2; Nellithanams 8/2, 8/3; Tropicals 18/12; Kaiasas 6/8; Nilgiri Neerugundi pref 92/8; Travancore Rubbers 8/6, 8/10; Thamarapailys 8/10; Thirumbadi Stock 1/14; Devon Tea Pref 105/12; Cochin Power 9/4; South Madras 11; Pref 12/4; A V Thomas 15/4; Mysore Chemicals and Fertilisers 16/15; Spencer B 9/2; Bruntons 8/8; Singarenis 10/12; Indian Steel Rolling ord 7/12.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Feb. 18.

To-day's closing quotations:—
Cotton: Sind March 12/15/6; May 13/4/9; Punjab: March 12/3; May 12/5; American March 22/0/9; May 22/1/9; steady.
Wheat: March 2/12/9; July 26/9/9; dull.
Gram: July 23/12/6.
Toria: February 30/11/6; March 33/2; May 33/12/9.
Cottonseed: March 14/12/6; May 15/2/9.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 18th February, 1941. Total amount offered was Rs. 3,16,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-13-3 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-13-0 allotted approximately 2 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-11-1 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 25th February, 1941. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 28th February 1941. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 14th February, 1941, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,76,75,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Three months' intermediates will be sold from 19th February, 1941 to 24th February, 1941 or up to 22nd February, 1941 where 24th is a holiday at Rs. 99-13-6 subject to the conditions previously announced (viz. sales can be stopped at any time without previous notice if Government think it necessary).

Three months' intermediates sold from 12th February, 1941 to 17th February, 1941 amounted to Rs. 2,23,25,000.

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay: Feb. 18.

Wheat May	0	4	6
Linseed May	0	6	6
Groundnut May	1	14	0
Castorseeds May	2	0	0
Cottonseed May	1	0	0
Silver 1st Settlement	0	11	0
Silver 2nd Settlement	1	3	0
Gold 1st Settlement	0	5	0
Gold 2nd Settlement	0	9	0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES
Bombay: Feb. 18.

Yarn No.	February	April	June
6 1/2s.	125	126	127
10 1/2s.	150	149	148
20 1/2s.	188	191	192½
40s.	267	268	269

LONDON EXCHANGES
London: Feb. 17.

T T London on New York 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2, Madrid 40.50, Montreal 4.43/4.47, Berne 17.30/17.40, Stockholm 16.85/16.95

LONDON SEEDS
London: Feb. 17.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe 20/6
Wheat Barletta Russo not quoted.
Wheat South Australian 26.

All-India Weather

POONA, Feb. 18

Observations from Assam are lacking. Local thundershowers occurred in south-east Bengal and Baluchistan while a few light showers are also reported from North-West Frontier Province, west and north Punjab, and Upper Sind.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Chittagong, three quarters of an inch; Cox's Bazar, Narayanganj, Quetta, Chaman and Kalat quarter each.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 18th Feb. 1941:—
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. +.002 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 75.4 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.3 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 82.9 deg. (0.1 above normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 72.0 deg. (4.8 above normal).
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 86 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 2 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 122 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hrs. 15 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 4.

FUTURE INDIAN CONSTITUTION ON PAKISTAN BASIS?

Muslim League Amendment To Sant Singh's Motion

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

Syed Ghulam Bhik Nairang, Deputy Leader of the Muslim League Party, in the Central Assembly has tabled the following amendment to Sardar Sant Singh's resolution regarding steps to end the political deadlock in India and to establish responsible governments:

"This Assembly recommends to the Governor-General in Council to advise His Majesty's Government—

(1) To make a declaration immediately that the future constitution of India should be framed on the basic principle embodied in the resolution of the All-India Muslim League passed at its sessions held at Lahore on the 23rd March, 1940, viz.,

That geographically contiguous units are demarcated into regions which should be so constituted, with such territorial readjustments as may be necessary, that the areas in which the Muslims are numerically in a majority as in the North-Western and Eastern Zones of India should be grouped to constitute 'Independent States' in which the constituent units shall be autonomous and sovereign.

MANDATORY SAFEGUARDS

That adequate, effective and mandatory safeguards should be specifically provided in the constitution for minorities in these units and in these regions for the protection of their religious, cultural, economic, political, administrative and other rights and interests in consultation with them; and in other parts of India where the Mussalmans are in a minority adequate, effective and mandatory safeguards shall be specially provided in the constitution for them and other minorities for the protection of their religious, cultural, economic, political, administrative and other rights and interests in consultation with them."

(2) To take steps for the purpose of giving effect to the said declaration so soon as the circumstances may permit or immediately after the termination of the war, by framing a proper scheme for the partition of India in consultation with the All-India Muslim League.

(3) That in the meantime, immediate steps should be taken to associate provisionally with the Governor-General's Council and with the Governors, the representatives of the All-India Muslim League and of such other parties as are ready and willing to co-operate with the Government in the prosecution of the war with a real and substantial authority of the Government at the Centre and in the Provinces which are now administered under Sec. 93 of the Government of India Act, 1935."

Yamin Khan's Resolution

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

Sir Muhammad Yamin Khan, a member of the Muslim League party has tabled a long substitute resolution, main points of which are following:—

Sir Muhammad suggests (1) a declaration modifying the policy contained in the Viceroy's statement issued on the 8th August last, (2) extension of the Executive Council not to depend

(Continued in col. 4)

(Continued from Col. 5)

upon an agreement among the political parties, new members to be drawn from the elected members of the Assembly and not from political parties and their number to be proportionate of the strength of parties of the Assembly; non-official advisers to be appointed in the provinces where the Constitution was suspended, (3) a declaration that the English system of Democracy is not suitable in India and a system by Government to be evolved suitable to the country recognising and taking into cognisance the cultural, linguistic and religious differences, (4) no constitution to be enforced in which Muslim minority will have to depend to the majority community for his proper share in Provincial or Central Government, (5) action to be taken within a year after the war for framing a new constitution to transfer power to Indians enjoyed by the Dominions the whole process to be completed within two years.—United Press.

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ECONOMIZE—BUY the LARGE TUBE

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the economical
DENTAL CREAM
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PROPERTY TAX TO BE REDUCED BY 2½ p.c.

Bombay Govt.'s Likely Concession To Meet Clamour Of Owners

Although the Budget proposals of the Government of Bombay for the ensuing year, are understood to contain no surprises as far as any radical change of the Prohibition policy is concerned, it is likely that the Government may show some concession to meet the clamour of the property-owners.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT THE GOVERNMENT CONTEMPLATES A REDUCTION IN THE PROPERTY TAX BY 2-1/2 PER CENT.

Anjuman-I-Islam Girls' School Evening Classes

It is perhaps not generally known that in addition to the usual High School Course in the Anjuman-i-Islam Girls' School at Bellasis Road, special evening classes after the usual school hours are held for women who are above the usual school age or who for any other reason are unable to attend school for the whole day. These classes have now been running for over one year, and have proved fairly successful. Members of the staff of the girls school conduct them, and they are held at convenient hours that is from 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) to 6 p.m. (S. T.) on Mondays, Wednesdays and Thursdays. Urdu, Persian, Gujarati, English and Needle Work are taught.

There is complete arrangements for purdah in the school.

Particulars can be obtained from the Headmistress, Anjuman-i-Islam Girls' School, Bellasis Road.

OPEN THE TEMPLE GATES
UNTO MY LOVE
OPEN THEM WIDE THAT SHE
MAY ENTER IN

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See the struggle of Radha's body with her soul in

NATIONAL STUDIOS' Great Devotional

RADHIKA

Directed By VIRENDRA DESAI

STARRING:
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with
HARISH,
JYOTI
KANAILAL,
VEENA KUMARI,
SANKATHA,
BHUDO ADVANI,
SUNALINI
and others.

FROM THIS FRIDAY
★ PATHE
3-30, 6-30, 10 P. M.
Matinees on Sat., Sun., Holidays at 1 p. m.

THIS RICH IDIOT
WANTED TO MARRY

THIS SWEET FLOWER Of Society!!

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BUT THERE CAME
THIS BRAVE YOUNG MAN TO RESCUE THE DAMSEL IN DISTRESS!

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Direction:
BALWANT BHATT.
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Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 8, 1997
Muslim: Mohurrum 22, 1360
Parsi: Shehrever 18, 1310
Hightide: 5-06, 18-40
Lowtide: 11-42 —
Sunrise: 7h. 6m.
Sunset: 6h. 41m.

THURSDAY, February 20
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. (B.T.).

ANTI-FASCIST MEETING

Under the auspices of the Bombay Radical Democratic Party, the first propaganda meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m., near the Bazar Gate Street, Parsi Clock Tower, Fort. Messrs. V. B. Karnik, G. H. Kale, Rajaram Panday, K. N. Rai and others will address the meeting.

PUBLIC LECTURE

Under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge, T. S., Mr. Maneckji J. Mistry will lecture in English at the Besant Hall of the Lodge at French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "The Secret Cycles."

ANDHRA ASSOCIATION, KALYAN

The 13th annual general body meeting of the above Association was held in the Sant Tukaram Theatre, Kalyan, Rao Bahadur D. S. Naidu presiding. The annual report was adopted and the new elections took place, when Rao Bahadur D. S. Naidu was re-elected as President and Messrs. M. Ramamurthi and C. L. Kantham, as Secretaries.

At night "Chintamani" a Telugu drama was staged by the members of the Association.

NAIR HOSPITAL DENTAL COLLEGE ANNUAL SOCIAL DINNER

The annual social dinner of the Nair Hospital Dental College will be held at the Orient Club, Chowpatty Sea Face, on Wednesday, February 26 at 8 p.m. Mr. H. F. Knight, Adviser, to H. E. the Governor of Bombay will be the guest of honour.

APPEAL FOR CHARKHAS

Jt. Hon. Secretaries, Khadi and Village Industries Board, write:—

The recent spinning drive in the City has created a demand for Charkhas to such an extent that it is at present not fairly possible to meet the full demand for Charkhas. We, therefore, appeal to those spinners having Charkhas which they do not use or which are unuseful on account of their being old or otherwise to be good enough to place the same at the disposal of the Khadi and Village Industries Board of the B. P. C. C. Persons wishing to give such Charkhas may please send them to the Congress House or to any Khadi Bhandar in the City.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

The Rt. Hon. M. R. Jayakar lunched at Government House on Tuesday.

Lady Lumley presided at the Annual General Meeting of the League of Mercy on Tuesday.

The Governor of Bombay attended an Installation Meeting of Lodge St. George at the Freemasons Hall and afterwards dined with the Members of the Lodge on Tuesday.

BOYCOTT LIMBDI COTTON

Pattabhi's Message To Prajamandal

BOMBAY, Feb. 18.

The Kathiawad Prajamandal has received the following message from Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaya on the occasion of the 2nd Anniversary Day of Limbdi Hijarat which falls to-morrow!

Nearly 1,500 persons are still outside the State. It is this fact more than ever the remembrance of the atrocities, that accounts for the inability of the Limbdi State to sell a single bale of cotton in India during last two years.

"If united India must express her resentment of the conduct of the Rulers of Limbdi and she succeeds in carrying out the boycott with the same rigidly as hereto before, the authorities in Limbdi will have to revise their policy.

"The public are therefore appealed to organise this boycott of Limbdi cotton in the markets of India this year also so that neither the cotton traders nor the textile millowners may clear the goods of Limbdi."—United Press.

Mrs. Naidu On Limbdi Struggle

BOMBAY, Feb. 18.

"No suffering borne or sacrifice undertaken in the cause of justice and freedom can ever fail to bear fruit.

"The brave group of Limbdi exiles who voluntarily left their dear home lands as a living testimony against iniquitous acts within their own State have rendered courageous service to all."

Thus observes Mrs. Sarojini Naidu in a message to the 2nd Limbdi Day meeting to be held to-morrow in Bombay.—United Press.

Daily Change Of Programme At Regal Cinema

The Regal Cinema management will show to-day (Wednesday) 'It's a Date', a Deanna Durbin picture. On Thursday will be shown, the 'Rage of Paris' in which Danielle Darrieux and Douglas Fairbanks are featured and on Friday 'The Underpup' in which Gloria Jean has been starred.

RAID ON RESTAURANT AND ARRESTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Last night, the Agripada Police carried out a raid in Amina Restaurant at Jacob Circle and arrested four persons on a charge of sutta gambling.

Shermohamad Amir Abubakar Shahabudin and two other arrested persons were placed to-day before the Presidency Magistrate of Mazagaon Police Court and were ordered to be released on bail pending further enquiries.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Balalaika" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The House of the Seven Gables" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Contraband" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Thief of Bagdad" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
NEW EMPIRE—"The Great Dictator" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
MAJESTIC—"Punarmilan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Puja" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
ROXY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Lagna Pahawe Karoon" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Nartaki" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Narsi Bhagat" Daily at 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Madhusudan" Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raj Nartaki" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Padosi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—"The Sea Hawk" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"India To-day" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
SUPER—"Mere Raja" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.

PEON KILLED BY FAST TRAIN

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

While listlessly seated on a platform at night, Narayan Ramchandra Sawant (45), a peon in the Government Telegraph Office, fell down on the railway track and was knocked down by a fast train at Bombay Central station on Saturday.

Mr. K. G. Palwanker, the motorman, told the Court that when he was taking his fast train from Grant Road to Bandra, he experienced a bump against a foot-board near Bombay Central. He stopped the train when he saw the deceased lying injured.

Narayan died on way to hospital.

A verdict of accidental death was recorded by the Coroner at the inquest to-day.

FILIP TO ADULT EDUCATION

Higher Scale Of Grants-In-Aid Restored By Bombay Govt.

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

The policy regarding the organisation of adult education has been revised by the Bombay Government.

In orders just issued, the Government states that adult education classes, as distinguished from home classes, should be the mainstay of the adult education movement and must be revived. Home classes are to continue, where circumstances are favourable as it is understood that in a few areas, like Poona, some good has been done by them.

HIGHER SCALE GRANTS

The Government has cancelled the orders of October 19, 1939, reducing the rates of grants-in-aid to adult education classes, and has restored the orders of December 29, 1938, providing for a higher scale of grants-in-aid. It has, however, directed that the attendance limit of an adult education class for the purpose of a grant must be raised from 15 to 20 for men and from 10 to 15 for women.

The result of these orders is that an adult education class fulfilling the required conditions will now receive an equipment grant not exceeding Rs. 40 and a basic grant of not more than Rs. 5 a month, "plus" a bonus of Rs. 2 per illiterate adult student who satisfies the literacy test prescribed by the rules, or a maximum grant of Rs 4 per adult illiterate student who satisfies the literacy test in addition to the equipment grant.

IN RURAL AREAS

The Government considers it very desirable to encourage local authorities and district associations to undertake the management of adult education classes. The services of primary school teachers should be availed of, where possible, for the teaching of such classes and local authorities will be permitted to start classes, but care must be taken to see that the schools in rural areas get their fair share of the Government grant for such classes.

As the grant available for adult education is limited, the Director of Public Instruction will regulate the opening of new classes so that the maximum value can be obtained from the funds available. All persons wishing to open classes should communicate immediately with the Director of Public Instruction.

As regards the publication of literature for the maintenance of literacy and the education of new literate adults, the Government has directed that an attempt should be made to provide simple reading matter with illustrations and diagrams likely to interest an ordinary villager.

"MAKE FORTHCOMING LEAGUE SESSION SUCCESSFUL"

Jinnah's Plea To Muslim Citizens

A meeting was held under the Presidentship of Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, M.L.A., President of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League at Beg Mohamed Baug in connection with the arrangements to be made for the next Session of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, in which many prominent Mussalmans of Bombay including Mr. Jinnah were present.

In his speech, Mr. Chundrigar gave a short but full sketch of the proceedings of the last three Sessions of the Provincial Muslim League held at Ahmedabad, Sholapur and Hubli respectively, and paid a tribute to the efforts made by the Muslim citizens of these places to make the Sessions successful and more effective.

It had been decided, he said in consultation with Qaide-Azam that the 4th Session of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League must be held in Bombay on 6th, 7th and 8th April, immediately before the Madras Session.

He expressed the desire that every Mussalman of Bombay and Suburbs would try his or her utmost to make the forthcoming Sessions successful. It was more important than the last three ones, because most essential problems would be considered in it.

Mr. Jinnah addressed the meeting and said it was a question of life and death for the Indian Mussalmans and the Sessions were generally held to make the Mussalmans readymen. It was the duty of the Mussalmans of Bombay to make the Sessions very successful to indicate that they stood under the one flag and had their one and only one platform.

Mr. Abdul Kadir Shaikh moved to give full powers in the hands of Mr. Noor Mohamed Ahmed and request him to make as many members as he could of the Reception Committee within a week and to call the next meeting of the Reception Committee at his earliest convenience to make the appointment of the office-bearers of the Reception Committee and the Members of the Sub-Committees. This was passed unanimously.

Handloom Fact-Finding Committee

NAGPUR, Feb. 18.

The members of the Handloom Fact-Finding Enquiry Committee are arriving here this evening. They will leave for Bombay on Thursday.—United Press.

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Co-starred with
SNEHAPRABHA
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'Punarmilan'
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
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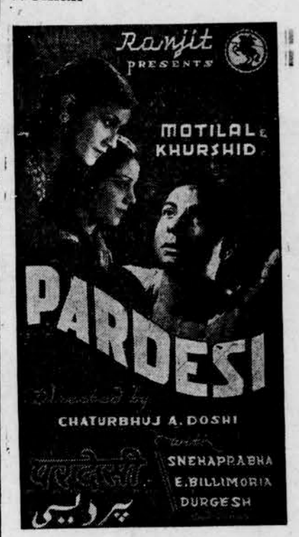

AT
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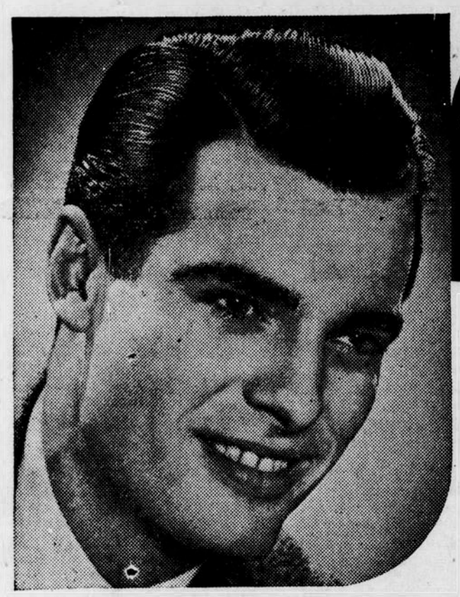

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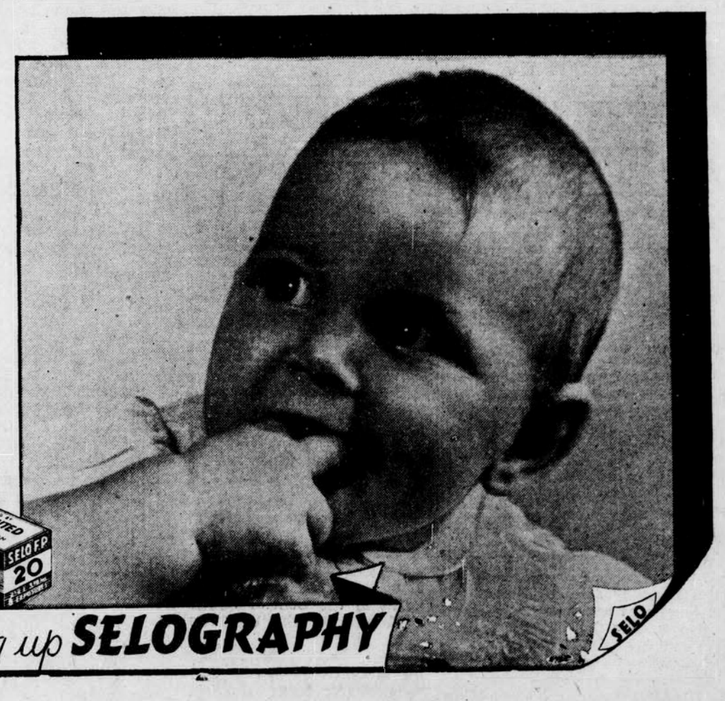

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1941.

ADVANCE LITERACY

It is pleasing to note from the reports on Literacy work in various parts of the country that this beneficent activity, started mainly by Congress Governments, is still continued by the present Governments. But the latter do not seem to be very enthusiastic about the work and are not taking pains to expand it rapidly, as was contemplated by the Congress Cabinets. Moreover, for obvious reasons they fail to get that measure of co-operation from the public which the Congress Governments got and which the cause sorely needs. Illiteracy is so vast that even in the most favourable circumstances it is impossible to show much progress in combating it without considerable co-operation between Government, local bodies, educational institutions and the public in general. At one of the Literacy Day meetings at Allahabad on Sunday the President, Mr. R. N. Basu, pointed out that during the last two years about five lakhs of people were made literate in the province, but that the population had increased by twenty lakhs. Considering that only a few of the children born during these years will be given sufficient instruction to make them permanently literate the progress in literacy indicated above is hardly fast enough. Nor can the progress be rapid enough if all who can help do not do their bit for the cause.

Progress In Bombay

We have not before us full reports on literacy in our own province. But the figures for Bombay City are fairly encouraging and indicative of the strenuous efforts made by the Bombay Adult Education Committee appointed by the Congress Government in July 1939. According to a Note issued by the Special Literacy Officer on the 6th instant about 25,000 adults, including 3,000 women, have been made literate since the inauguration of the Literacy campaign by the Governor in April 1939. Over 400 classes with nearly 8,000 adults on the rolls are running at present in the various wards of the city, exclusive of 40 post-literacy classes maintained to make the literacy of the new literates lasting. Accounts of the progress in other parts of the province, too, should be published from time to time by the authorities concerned. This will stimulate public interest in the cause and also healthy emulation among the workers. Government have done well to restore the higher grants for literacy classes, which they had reduced in October 1939 without any justification. But they have raised the attendance limit of an adult class for the purpose of a grant from 15 to 20 for men and from 10 to 15 for women. This is a reactionary step which may rob many promising classes of any chance to grow up to the prescribed limit. Government should either restore the old lower limits, particularly in the case of women, or relax the new rules wherever necessary.

Scope For National Service

It will be well for all Governments in India to realise that for generations past they have scandalously neglected their duty to promote elementary education and that it behoves them to make some amends in this respect at least to the extent of financing liberally adult literacy. This is a minimum effort expected from any Government claiming to be civilised or at all progressive. And as most adults are anxious to learn and will help themselves after they are made literate, it is obvious that adult literacy yields maximum return at a minimum cost. In spite of all these considerations few of the present Governments in the country seem likely to discharge their responsibilities fully in this matter. But, after all, it is the people that will suffer most and their qualified well-wishers should come to their rescue and carry on literacy work with whatever help they may get from Government. Every city, town and village should have its Literacy League, and it should strive to requisition the services of the local literate men and women. Even boys and girls, if sufficiently literate and given a little training in instructing others, can be serviceable in this work and have proved themselves so in several parts of the country. There is so much talk among Congressmen about the Congress constructive programme and among students and teachers about national service. Here in this Literacy movement, there is unlimited scope for the service of every one of them. In his amplified Constructive Programme published a few months ago Gandhiji gave no mean place to literacy propaganda. And be it noted, this propaganda, helps in its turn many other kinds of useful propaganda. An average literate man is any day a better citizen than an average illiterate man. We once again commend this mission of literacy to every Indian who is earnest about national service.

Turco-Bulgarian Pact

The non-aggression pact concluded between Bulgaria and Turkey is receiving a cautious reception. Apparently such an agreement has been long a desideratum for the Balkans and had it been arrived at a year or even six months earlier, it would have exerted a steadying influence on diplomatic developments. Coming, however, at a time when Bulgaria is virtually in the grip of Germany, the pact is likely to add to, rather than allay, the various doubts and suspicions. Significant in this connection is the fact that the news of the signing of the pact was first broadcast from Sofia *via* the German and Italian official News Agencies. It is unlikely that Bulgaria should have signed the pact without the approval of the Nazis and for this reason alone it is likely to create misgivings. The Soviet, too, is understood to have blessed the Pact though nobody knows what exactly its attitude to the German infiltration of the Balkans is. The reassuring fact is that the British Government have been kept fully informed about the progress of the negotiations for the Pact. It is true that both countries have explicitly reserved their previous contractual obligations with other countries and this presumably means that the Anglo-Turkish Alliance is not in any way affected by the new pact. But there are two things which need elucidation: First, will this pact lead to a revision of Bulgarian policy, towards Nazi penetration? And, second, how will Turkey react if Bulgaria allows a safe passage to the German armies marching South? For, it is possible for Germany to attack Greece without anyway violating Turkish territory. Will she stick to her neutrality in that case as she did last June, when Italy declared war on the Allies? In the meanwhile, the statement of the Turkish Foreign Minister may be noted. He says: "Small causes can often produce great effects and engender much good." The modest document just signed, let us hope with him, "will, perhaps, be effective in preventing new complications in the Balkans".

New Defence Rules

Some of the Defence of India Rules have been so amended that certain offences which were so far punishable with imprisonment as well as a fine are now made punishable with a fine only, without the necessity of adding imprisonment to it. This is apparently an improvement. But in the hands of some magistrates in easily surmisable cases the new rules can be far more repressive than the old ones. Free to rely on fines alone, the Magistrates may levy unconscionably heavy fines from the poor as well as the rich and the Executive may relentlessly attach their property to recover the fines. If the law itself permits extreme severity, the High Court may not be able to give relief. Nor are all the Governments responsible to the people. If a question is asked in the Central Legislative Assembly it is evaded with the reply that the Defence of India Rules are enforced by Provincial Governments, whose action cannot be questioned in the Central Assembly. And most of the Provincial Assemblies are practically suppressed. In the circumstances the new rules threaten to become fresh weapons of bureaucratic repression.

Germany From The Inside

Direct from inside Germany the Nofrontier News Service has received the following report from a confidant known to it as trustworthy.

WILTON (U.S.A.) Dec. 21.

A dependable informant just arrived in the United States after a harrowing six-week trip via Siberia and the Pacific reports that opposition to the war is growing fast in Germany. It is especially marked in Berlin, Bremen, Potsdam, Munich, and Hamburg. In these towns open indifference and even open opposition to the regime are constantly in evidence. In Munich anyone who says "Heil Hitler!" when entering a shop or restaurant is laughed at. In Potsdam, home of the Prussian Junkers, the whole population is bitterly opposed to the war, although at the beginning they welcomed it as the only possible way of getting rid of the Hitler regime.

★

Despite this rising opposition, there is as yet no real underground organization. A few people risk their lives distributing literature here and there, but no powerful organization has yet been able to buck the efficient suppression of the Gestapo. There exists only a vague sort of comradeship among those believed to be "safe".

★

The food situation in Germany, as reported to Nofrontier News Service by this traveller, is not as bad as it was during the last war; there are shortages, but for the average person they are not serious. For Jews, however, the situation is tragic. They can buy only between 4 and 5 p.m., when stocks are already exhausted. They may purchase only rationed foodstuffs, and cannot obtain any of the little extras which supplement the rationed menu for Aryans. They are not allowed to obtain any coal or clothing at all, and must go through the entire winter in unheated houses, with what few ragged clothes they still have on their backs as their only protection against the cold. Telephones and radios are also forbidden to Jewish homes.

Anti-Jewish feeling among the people has, however, considerably decreased, according to this observer, and there are many instances of individual attempts to mitigate the severity of official decrees. Certain officials even make it a point to warn Jewish leaders when new anti-Semitic moves are in prospect.

The mass deportation of 8,000 to 10,000 Jews from Baden and the Palatinate to southern France appears to this observer as a forerunner of other similar attempts to rid Germany altogether of Jewish people by unloading them on other Governments. He reports that an attempt was made in the spring of 1940 to deport all the Jews from the Stettin district, where a son-in-law of Julius Streicher was the Nazi party leader, but that the German army authorities at the Polish border turned the trains back. At that time, there was no official sanction for such a move; now, however, the fact that the Baden-Palatinate Jews had to cross an international frontier and were permitted to do so shows that the Government itself is behind the movement rather than minor officials wreaking petty vengeance in their own districts.

★

The German people, it is reported, are completely without real news of the outside world. Towns outside Germany proper might as well not exist for all the news they hear about them. In particular, they are completely isolated from Poland and the Protectorate of Bohemia-Moravia. Most Germans make no attempt to obtain news any more. The few who do retain their interest and can get hold of both the British and the German war communiques, place the truth about halfway between the two. It is reported that the actual damage caused by the R.A.F., is more than the conducted journalistic tours of Hamburg and other bombed centers have made it appear.

Our informant had reliable reports from Poland, confirming that conditions in the German-occupied area are very bad, especially for the Jews. He reported one tragic-comic instance of anti-Semitic oppression: in Lodz the Jews are no longer allowed to ride on street-cars—but the Jewish community is forced to pay a tax to the street-car company to make up the deficit incurred because of the reduced passenger load!

Otto Stresser Defines His Position

(By KURT SINGER.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

Interviewed recently upon his arrival in America, Otto Strasser, author of "Nemesis" and "Hitler and I", told briefly of his experiences in escaping from France at the time of the invasion, and then went on to explain some of his personal convictions and how they led him away from the Nazi movement before it ever came to power.

"It would make a weird story, my escape from France," he said. "I caught the last train out of Paris, then covered France from north to south, from east to west, and again from west to east before I finally managed to reach the Spanish border. I cannot tell you how I crossed the border. All I can say is that there are still miracles."

Concerning his own political beliefs, Otto Strasser explained: "For me it was originally an entirely political battle. Not until the bestial murder of my brother Gregor did a personal element enter into it for me, but even then, that element did not become the decisive one. What was paramount for me was the relentless struggle against the destruction of personal freedom, what you might call the 'Magna Charta of Christianity,' that was being carried on by Hitler, Mussolini, and Stalin together. For this reason my opposition to Communism is just as vigorous and uncompromising as is my opposition to Nazism and Fascism."

★

Asked why, then, he had belonged to the Nazi Party in its early years, he went on: "It was in those days nothing like the 'Hitler Party' and growth of the party was still democratic. Party officials were elected annually by the Party Congress, and there was no title of 'Fuehrer' until 1931, one year after my break with Hitler. At that time it was possible to hold opinions of one's own about domestic and foreign policies, about questions of race and anti-Semitism, about religious and cultural problems. One could debate these things in the Party Congress and receive a hearing in the press. My own point of view on these questions, diametrically opposed to Hitler's, led me to break with him in July, 1930. Twice I have borne arms for democracy against 'putsches' by the Communists and the Fascists. The first time was in April and May, 1919, when I fought for the Bavarian Social-Democratic regime against a Communist dictatorship. The second time was in March, 1920, when I fought for the Weimar Coalition Regime against the Kapp putsch. But in the Hitler 'beer hall putsch' I did not take sides. At that time I was in Berlin as agent of a big industrial concern and learned of the putsch in the newspapers long after it had been put down."

"It is true that I opposed the

(Continued on Page 9)

A MONUMENTAL WORK

English-Hindi Dictionary Of Scientific And Technical Terms

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY ENGLISH-HINDI DICTIONARY. By Sukhsampattirai Bhandari, M. R. A. S. Published by Dictionary Publishing House, Brahmpuri, Ajmer. Price, Rs. 18.

The Hindi-speaking world and lovers of Hindi have been placed under a deep debt of gratitude by Mr. Sukhsampattirai Bhandari of Indore through his compilation of a comprehensive dictionary of modern scientific and technical terms in Hindi language. The first volume of his "Anglo-Hindi Dictionary", which runs into over 900 pages, is a veritable cyclopaedia, comprehending no less than 14 different sectional dictionaries within its scope. These are separate dictionaries of commercial and economic terms, as well as of political, medical, scientific, astronomical, mathematical, botanical, zoological, geographical, insurance, labour, stock and share market, banking and international terms, in current use. Not only the equivalent of each English term is given in Hindi, but synonyms and explanatory notes are added to elucidate the meaning. These explanatory notes are elaborate and illuminating and on occasions extend over nearly a page. The compiler's great erudition and painstaking labours are revealed in this monumental work, which is a distinct acquisition to Hindi literature and scholarship.

Mr. Bhandari has obviously exercised care in the selection of equivalents of the English terms from the store-house of Sanskrit and Hindi literature, but it is quite possible that in the case of some English terms more expressive synonyms might yet be discovered in future than those given by Mr. Bhandari. It must be said, however, that, on the whole, the present publication is bound to remain a standard work for a long time to come and it will prove most valuable not only to writers in Hindi but also to writers in Marathi, Gujarati, Bengalee and other languages derived from Sanskrit and Prakrit. It will also prove very helpful to the medical and scientific world and commercial and other circles in India in their choice of fitting Hindi equivalents of the English scientific and technical terms in current use among them. The work, which is printed in bold and clean type, deserves to be widely patronised. It should be prized by every important library in India, public or private.

Revised Pakistan Plan

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

Publication of the revised Pakistan scheme by the Foreign Committee of the Muslim League has been subject of some comment.

According to this scheme, Sind British Baluchistan, N.W.F.P. and Punjab should be grouped together as one sovereign state, with Delhi Province amalgamated with Punjab. The eastern boundary of the Punjab is to include the Canal area, U. P.

The Muslim percentage proposed in the Northern Zone is stated as 63. Nizams Dominion is to be expanded by return of Ceded Territories.

FEDERATING STATES

States expected to Federate with neighbouring Muslim Zones are mentioned as Dir, Swat, Chitral, Kalat, Lasbela, Kohirpur, Mirs Bahawalpore, Kapurthala, Patiala, Nabha, Faridkote, Jind, Malerkotla, Loharu, Pataudi, Dujana Chamba, Mandi, Suket, Kalsia Simla, Hill States, Sirmur, Bilaspur and Kashmir.

Other Muslim Zone is to include Assam and Bengal, excluding Bankipur and Midnapur Districts and District of Purnea of Bihar —with a Muslim percentage of 54. States like Coochbehar, Tripura, Mainpur and Kashi Hill States are mentioned as Federating States.

The scheme provides for transitional common co-operators' Agency at the Centre where Muslims are to have control on terms perfect equality with non-Muslims.

There is also a provision for inter-migration.

Jinnah Refutes Press Report Of Revised Edition

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

Mr. Mohammed Ali Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, has issued the following statement:—

"My attention has been drawn to a report under the heading "Revised Pakistan Scheme Committee's recommendations" published in a newspaper to-day. This is entirely incorrect. After the Lahore resolution, now popularly known as the Pakistan resolution, was passed last March, the working Committee of the All-India Muslim League appointed a Sub-Committee to invite any proposal on the basis of the fundamental

(Continued on page 8)

Frankly Speaking

Lease And Lend Bill

While the Lease and Lend Bill is going through its final stages in the Senate, the United States Government is seriously preparing to implement it as soon as it becomes a law. A series of conferences is being held in the White House to make advance arrangements in this connection. The fact that among those present at these Conferences are the War Secretary, the Navy Secretary, the Treasury Secretary, the Director of Budget and the Agriculture Secretary shows how wide the application of the Bill will be. Also present was Mr. Harry Hopkins, President Roosevelt's Special Envoy, who must have given his impressions gained during his recent visit to Great Britain. It appears from all accounts that the Roosevelt administration is not only confident of pushing through the Bill, but is also preparing to give effect to its provisions without the least possible delay.

An Ill-Conceived Scheme

In spite of the official and non-official rebuffs he has so far received from Britain and not withstanding the cold reception extended to his proposal in his own country, Mr. Herbert Hoover is still energetically canvassing his programme to feed the Nazi-occupied countries of Europe. He has now submitted a six-point plan to the British and French Governments which seeks to meet all the criticisms so far levelled against the scheme and to make it as fool proof as possible, the main aim being naturally to ensure that the supplies sent would not be grabbed by the Nazis. Merely on humanitarian grounds, Mr. Hoover's plan deserves every sympathy and support. There is no gainsaying the fact that the plight of the people in the occupied countries particularly is becoming more and more serious every day. But war is a pitiless business and considering that blockade like civilian bombing has itself become a weapon of war, Britain is not likely to allow Mr. Hoover to put his plan into action, except on a strictly limited basis.

Remarkable Coincidence

According to international law, the duty of feeding an occupied country falls upon the occupying Government and it has yet to be conclusively proved that Germany is not in a position to do that. What need can there be, for example, for outside provisions for countries like Holland and Denmark which normally are exporters of food supplies? By a remarkable coincidence, just while Mr. Hoover was explaining his plan over the New York Radio, a speaker was broadcasting from Batavia that "it is realised in the Netherlands East Indies that Germany would grab every morsel of food should Britain allow supplies to reach Holland." Mr. Hoover seems, therefore, to be allowing his humanitarianism to run away with his reason and creating a lot of trouble for Britain. The Nazis are bound to make capital out of Britain's "inhumanity" in starving the people of Europe. The only effect of Mr. Hoover's efforts will thus be to present Dr. Geobbels with a new plank for his propaganda.

Who Is At Fault?

When Maulvi Abdul Ghani wanted to move an adjournment motion in the Central Assembly to discuss the alleged refusal of several census enumerators "to return Urdu or Hindi as mother tongue of persons so demanding and their insistence on returning Hindustani for Urdu or Hindi notwithstanding people's protests", Government did themselves a disservice by objecting to the motion. If a discussion had taken place and if it was true that the reported action of the enumerators was contrary to all the instructions of Government, Government could have made a full reassuring statement, replying to all objections. As regards the question whether the enumerators or some others were in fault, the *Leader* of the 14th instant quotes the following instructions believed to be issued to enumerators:

Question no. 13 (mother-tongue).—Enter each person's mother-tongue, i.e., the language as first spoken from the cradle. In the case of infants and deaf-mutes the language of the mother should be entered. Enter the ordinary language of the province as Hindustani. Do not write Urdu or Hindi. Pahari Boli should be written as Hindustani.

We should like to know if these instructions are contrary to all the instructions of the higher authorities.

Limbdi Day

"No suffering borne or sacrifice undertaken in the cause of justice and freedom," says Mrs. Sarojini Naidu in her message to the second Limbdi Day meeting to be held to-day, "can ever fail to bear fruit". The Limbdi exiles have suffered much and undertaken great sacrifices in the cause of justice and freedom. The ruler of Limbdi died recently leaving a minor son. The responsibility of administering the State during the minority of the present ruler devolves on the Government of India who owe it to the people of Limbdi to see that the wrongs committed against them are undone.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

LONDON, Feb. 17.

"The greatest infringement of patent rights in history" is how the Nazi organ "Voelkischer Beobachter" describes the landing of British parachute troops, says the Offical German News Agency. But whose patent—whether Soviet Russia's or Germany's—is not mentioned.

"It cannot have been difficult to find volunteers for such an attempt for daring and resolute men have never been lacking in Britain," the newspaper adds.

—Reuter.

* * * *

QUESTION OF THE DAY.

Pacific—how long?

* * * *

The Danube has burst its banks in Hungary.

The Nazis must be regarding it as an act of sabotage on the part of the god of the Jews!

* * * *

According to Sir Nevile Henderson, "Hitler is no longer the leader of Germany."

To-day he thinks he has become the Fuehrer of the world.

* * * *

Sir Nevile further observes: "All Hitler has is faith."

Also a scripture—Mein kampf!

* * * *

End Of Quisling Rule Near.

—Headline.

And not in Norway alone!

* * * *

In view of the threatened rice scarcity, the 'Dal bhat' problem will naturally become more acute in India.

* * * *

TOKYO, Feb. 18.

Japan is ready to mediate "in any war," if invited and if the situation is favourable, Mr. Ishii, the Japanese Government spokesman, told foreign press correspondents this morning.—Reuter.

In any war—even in the Sino-Japanese war? Or is that still just an "incident"?

* * * *

Here is a problem in very low mathematics.

If at the present rate Italian prisoners continue to pour into India, Indian soldiers into the Italian Empire and British parachutists into Italy, by what time would all the Indian soldiers be in Italy and all the Italian soldiers in India?

* * * *

Italians in America have condemned Fascism.

They can afford to. They are beyond the reach of the castor-oil brigade.

* * * *

Bombay artists have protested against the proposed municipal professional tax.

True artists, however, never protest against taxes. They just refuse to pay them.

* * * *

In reply to the German warning that Turkey was "no longer master of the Balkans as she was 30 years ago", President Inenu should wire back, "May be, but we are stronger masters within our own frontiers".

* * * *

A commercial traveller, looking at the dingy shop, asked the shopkeeper: "How in the world do you make a go of things at all?"

The tradesman pointed to the other end of the shop and said: "You see that fellow there? Well, he works for me and I can't pay him, so in two years he gets the shop. Then I work for him until I get it back."

Satyagraha Arrests And Convictions

In Bombya & Suburbs:

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Kameshwar G. Vyas, Vice-President of the "C" Ward Congress Committee, and Mr. Sunderlal K. Nigam, member of the "A" Ward Congress Committee, who had been selected by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to offer satyagraha to-day, were arrested in the early hours of the morning. They were later taken to Thana for detention.

This brings the total arrests since the beginning of the satyagraha campaign within the city limits to 70. The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has selected about 75 more Congressmen to participate in the campaign till the first week of April.

Two members of the "F" Ward Congress Committee namely, Mr. Harilal Devchand Jhaveri and Mr. Shantibhai Jhaveri are included in the next batch of Satyagrahis from Bombay. Mr. Harilal proposes to offer Satyagraha at the junction of Sheikh Memon Street and Mumbadevi Road at 6-30 p.m. on Thursday while Mr. Shantibhai is scheduled to offer Satyagraha at Chowpatty at 6 p.m. the same day.

A send off on behalf of the Bombay Jewellers' Association was given this evening to Mr. Harilal D. Jhaveri who proposes to offer Satyagraha in the city to-morrow.

The function was held at Hirabag under the presidentship of Mr. Parmanand Kunverji Kapadia.

Mr. Jiwaji Ramchandra Pinge, Secretary of the Danda Congress Committee, and Mr. C. B. Kora, member of the Suburban District Congress Committee, will offer Satyagraha during the weekend.

In Karnatak:

Women Satyagrahis Prefer Jail

BELGAUM, Feb. 18.

Hanmantappa Mirji of Hulkund and Bhanu Terdale of Borgaon both of Belgaum District were, sentenced for offering Satyagraha to 4 months' simple imorisonment.

Mrs. Kamalabai Venkiaddi Hooli and Mrs. Parvatevva Hooli were each sentenced to a fine of Rs. 50 each or two months' S. I. in default. The ladies preferred jail.—A. P.

In Maharashtra:

POONA, Feb. 18.

Mr. D. D. Divekar who offered Satyagraha at Sonya Maruthi Chowk yesterday by shouting anti-war slogans was arrested late in the night under the Defence of India Rules and taken to Yervada jail.—A. P.

In Gujarat

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 18.

Mr. Ashabhai Esabhai Patel was arrested to-day at Vadaj near Sabarmati Ashram and Mr. Mohanlal Mavjibhai was arrested at Dhandhuka town in Ahmedabad District while offering Satyagraha. —A. P.

CONVICTIONS AT DOHAD

DOHAD, Feb. 18.

Mr. Harilal Shah, Secretary of the Dohad Congress Committee, was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment for offering Satyagraha and another Satyagrahi, Mr. Vithaldas was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fine of Rs. 200.—A. P.

In Punjab:

SARGODHA, Feb. 18.

Abdul Ghani, an Ahrar worker, was sentenced to-day to one year's R. I. and fined Rs. 25 under the Defence of India Rules.

Sardar Jangi Khan, "Dictator" of the Majlis-Ahrar, Lahore, was arrested this evening for offering Satyagraha.

Mr. Kidarnath Nayyar, Secretary of the Harampura Ward Congress Committee was sentenced to two years' R. I. under the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Manmohan Anand has been sentenced to six months' R. I. and fined Rs. one hundred.

Mr. Chimanlal of Jhang has been sentenced to one year's R. I.

First English Woman To Offer Satyagraha

LAHORE, Feb. 18.

Mrs. B. P. L. Bedi, the first English woman to offer Satyagraha left Lahore this morning for Dera Baba Nanak in Gurdaspur District, where she will raise anti-war slogans and court arrest.

Mr. Pyarelal of Lahore and Mr. Chamanlal of Jhang have been sentenced to two years and one year's R. I. respectively under the Defence of India Rules.

Sardar Amar Singh of Behlpur and Lala Bauhria Ram of Ambala have been arrested.—A. P.

In Delhi:

MRS. ASAF ALI

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

The case against Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali, who was arrested under the Defence of India Rules yesterday, was postponed till Friday.—A. P.

MAULANA A. HAMID SENTENCED.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

Maulana Abdul Hamid was sentenced to-day to one and a half years' R. I., for defying the order of the Chief Commissioner directing him to report to the police every four hours daily, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., and not to leave the municipal boundaries of his ward.—A. P.

In N. W. F. P.

PESHAWAR, Feb. 17.

Maulana Ghulam Ghous Khan, dictator of the All-India Majlis-I-Ahrar was sentenced to-day by a Charsada Magistrate to one year's rigorous imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules.

Hussain Baksh, Secretary of the Frontier Majlis-I-Ahrar was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300. Five more volunteers were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 each, while seven others were sentenced till the rising of the court. Three who rendered apology, were ordered to be released.

It is announced that Maulana Ghulam Ghous Khan has nominated Master Tajuddin of Ludhiana to succeed him as dictator of the All-India Majlis-I-Ahrar.

Maulana Ghulam Ghous Khan and six other Ahrars, who were sentenced at Charsada to-day have been transferred to Peshawar Central Jail.—A. P.

Aligarh University And Satyagraha Campaign

The Director, Publicity Bureau, Muslim University: Aligarh writes:

A news item appeared in the "Hindustan Times" some time ago that Mr. Mussawir Husain Najm, a "student of the Aligarh Muslim University", had been permitted by Mahatma Gandhi to offer Satyagraha. The A.P.I. has been authorised to contradict this news as unfounded and to communicate that there is no student of this name in the University. Similarly the news of the Muslim University students holding a meeting in the Aligarh fort to support the Congress programme is entirely baseless. There is no inclination whatsoever on the part of the students of the Muslim University to take part in the Satyagraha movement.

Dr. Choitram's Successor

KARACHI, Feb. 17

It is learnt that Dr. Choitram Gidwani, President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, on the eve of his arrest, had addressed a letter to Mahatma Gandhi proposing the name of Prof. Ghanshyam Jethnand, M.L.A., and member of the Executive Council of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, as his successor for the presidentship of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee.—A. P.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed Full of Vim and Vigour.

Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks dunk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the red package. Refuse anything else.

KAGMAG FOR COUGHS

Gives rapid relief to sufferers. Re. 1/- per bottle.

ENZOIDS are the most efficient prophylactic against Influenza. Two Tablets for One Anna, 25 for 12 Annas.

ARREST INFLUENZA WITH **ENZOIDS**

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No Permission For Ahrars Of Frontier

Non-Violence & Satyagraha: Gandhiji's Reply To Rai Bahadur Khanna

PESHAWAR, Feb. 18.

On the question of civil disobedience by the Ahrars in the N. W. F. Province, Mahatma Gandhi, in a letter to Rai Bahadur Mehr Chand Khanna says "I have passed no Ahrars as such. My impression is that one or two in the Punjab had been passed because they had joined the Congress and declared that they believed fully in non-violence and in the same sense as Congressmen in general are expected to. Those you have in mind in the Frontier Province have not received any permission from me."

The above is the reply to a letter sent by Rai Bahadur Mehr Chand Khanna in which he had said: "The Ahrars, I regret to say, do not practice non-violence nor do they spin charkha. Their symbol is the axe which they carry at every public occasion. My considered view is that their entry in the Satyagraha campaign with the blessing of the Congress is fraught with grave danger and serious reactions."—A. P.

Darlan Leaves For Paris

BERLIN, Feb. 18.

Admiral Darlan who holds the three key Ministries in the Vichy Government and is expected to succeed Marshal Petain left Vichy to-day for Paris, says the German Official News Agency. On Monday evening he had a long talk with Marshal Petain and General Huntziger, the War Minister.—Reuter.

Eleven German destroyers were sunk in the naval battles of Narvik ten months ago, it was stated in authoritative quarters in London on Tuesday.

It is understood that Lt. Col. R. Bingham who figured in the recent "old school tie' episode and was relieved of his command of an officer cadet training unit is to be re-employed as umpire in one of the Commands.

An appeal has been launched in London for founding a woman's scholarship in aviation to commemorate Miss Amy Johnson, the sponsors suggest that a woman's aviation scholarship might be founded in Miss Amy Johnson's memory in each of the British Dominions and also the United States, giving men and women opportunity to register their regard for one of the greatest air women in history.

The Swiss Federal Council has accepted with satisfaction the British reply to Swiss representations on the bombing incidents at Basle and Zurich in December 16|17 and 22|23 respectively.

Russo-Japanese Trade Talks

LONDON, Feb. 18.

The Russo-Japanese trade negotiations which were suspended in September last have been resumed. The Japanese Ambassador in Moscow interviewed the Russian Trade Commissar yesterday.—Reuter.

JAPANESE MINISTERS AT LARGE

TOKYO, Feb. 18.

The Japanese Foreign Office has appointed two ministers at large, one to the United States and the other to Germany. Mr. Kanama Wakasugi, former Consul-General in New York is minister at large in the United States. Mr. Makato Sakuma, former minister to Latvia, goes to Germany. They will work with the accredited Ambassadors.—Reuter.

"Clyde" Refloated

LONDON, Feb. 18.

The "Clyde", the British flying-boat, which recently sank in the Tagus, during a gale, is reported to have been refloated.—Reuter.

WAR BILL FOR GOVT. DEPTS.

LONDON, Feb. 18.

Considerable increases in the cost of running certain Government Departments appears in 1941 estimates in the vote on account presented in the House of Commons to-day.

The Foreign Office estimates are 634,769 sterling compared with 474,917 for the present year.

The Dominions and Colonial Offices estimates are up and the estimate for the development of welfare in the colonies has risen from 420,010 sterling to 773,010 sterling in the coming year.

India and Burma services are estimated to cost 2,180,743 sterling against the estimate for the present year of 2,116,319 sterling.

The estimate for broadcasting is for the coming year 5,600,000 sterling against 4,700,000 sterling.

A number of Departments present only a token vote for expenditure, including the Ministries of Aircraft Production, Economic Warfare, Information, Shipping and Supply.

Secret service is represented in a token vote for 100 sterling while the estimate for the current financial year is 1,500,000 sterling.

The Civil and Revenue Department estimates for the coming year total 534,298,535 compared with 522,542,588.—Reuter.

HITLER WILL SCUTTLE HIMSELF

LONDON, Feb. 18.

When Hitler has nothing more to offer the Germans, when he realises that he has been cheating the people he will scuttle himself as he scuttled the "Grat Spee".

This is the opinion of Sir Nevile Henderson, British Ambassador in Berlin at the outbreak of the war, who told a meeting at Oxford to-night, "when I left Germany the two real leaders of Naxism were Himmler—the evil genius of Germany —and Ribbentrop.

"Hitler is no longer the leader of Germany. I do not think he is responsible for anything the Germans have done. All Hitler has is faith. Plans are brought to him and he simply has faith enough to say 'go ahead'."—Reuter.

DANGERS OF INFLATION

Question Again Raised In Parliament: Woolton On Food Position

LONDON, Feb. 18.

Government's intention to parry the dangers of inflation was again emphasised in Parliament to-day. Sir Patrick Hannon, who is a prominent company Director, asked whether the Premier had considered a letter from the President of the Association of the British Chambers of Commerce "emphasising the drift towards inflation owing to wage increases being followed by a rise in commodity prices."

Attlee's Reply

Mr. C. R. Attlee replied that the Prime Minister had received a letter to which Sir Patrick Hannon referred and arranged that the Association of the British Chambers of Commerce should have an opportunity of stating their views more fully to the Ministers concerned.

The Government are impressed with the dangers of inflation and since the outbreak of war, have taken action in a variety of ways to prevent any uncontrolled rise of the basic prices. It would be quite wrong to regard every increase in prices, whatever its nature and scope, as potentially inflationary, but close attention is paid to all significant movements of prices with a view to applying appropriate checks in good time if a dangerous tendency develops.

Tornado Havoc In East Bengal

CHITTAGONG, Feb. 18.

Great havoc is reported to have been caused by a tornado yesterday afternoon in several villages in Sitakundu and Double-Moorings police stations. About hundred houses were blown away and anchored country-boats drifted away, rendering the peasants and fishermen homeless.

Three persons are reported to have been killed and many wounded. Considerable damage to cattle is also reported.—United Press.

Alien Control Of Indian Economic Policy Must End

Manu Subedar On Devastating Effect Of Defence Regulations

"The foreign control of the economic policy of India is an intolerable position. It must end, I want it to end", said Mr. Manu Subedar presiding over a meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Union, on Tuesday evening.

Prof. W. R. Natu, who spoke on "War and Indian Trade" said that in times of war economic strategy was as much vital importance as military strategy. In this country immediately after the declaration of war a series of regulations were promulgated with the object of regulating the entire ambit of social and political life of the country.

Proceeding he said that as a result of the war India's export trade had increased. Similar increase was registered in the domestic trade. However, the problem remained as to how long this impetus to Domestic trade would continue for this trade did not show any development of fundamental character. No major industries had been started in India as a result of the increase in this trade.

In order to ensure the development of major industries, the policy of discriminate protection ought to be revised.

Finally he hoped that India would emerge from this war with her industrial revolution accomplished.

Mr. Manu Subedar said that as a practical businessman, he was of the firm opinion that the regulations under the Defence of India Rules had a devastating effect on the economic life of the country.

He criticised the half-hearted policy of the Government with regard to India's industrial and economic development whatever small efforts towards economic development made in this country during the last war were all killed partly by official discouragement and partly by the faults of the people themselves. The consumer went for the cheapest articles in the market and not for Indian manufactures. What was expected in the last war did not happen because the economic life of this country was in subordination to the economic interest of Great Britain.

The position at present, he said, was no better. The increase in the export was not of much benefit to the millions. Mere war prosperity which meant displacement of wealth from one country to another was undesirable. What was required was a stable economy devised by Indians themselves.

The financial advantage arising out of India's export trade had been used in the past for U. K. He was sorry to say that this was being done even to-day.

Finally he said that planning could be possible only if the economic policy was in the hands of the Indians responsible to the people.

NEW MINT IN CALCUTTA

NEW DELHI, Feb. 17.

The construction of a new mint at Calcutta, the purchase of the shares of the Bombay, Bengal and Madras Telephone Companies, the capital works programme of the Posts and Telegraphs Department, the establishment of a broadcasting station at Karachi and the provision of additional office and residential accommodation in Delhi were among the projects approved by the Standing Finance Committee at its meeting in New Delhi on Saturday last. Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member, presided.

For the construction of a new mint at Calcutta, the Committee approved of the expenditure of Rs. 64,50,000 (non-recurrent) and Rs. 6,50,000 (terminable recurrent). Owing to the increased demand for coinage caused by the war, a heavy strain has been placed on the existing mints at Bombay and Calcutta and the extension of plant capacity is accordingly required.

The shares of the Bombay, Bengal and Madras Telephone Companies are to be purchased through a company which has been constituted as the Government Telephones Board Limited. The present companies will continue to function as separate organisations until 1943, after which the organisations will be merged with the rest of the telephone systems under the control of the Posts and Telegraphs Department.

BURMA TO LEVY DUTIES ON INDIAN IMPORTS?

MUDALIAR EXPLAINS PROPOSALS OF TRADE DELEGATES: GENERAL AGREEMENT ON BROAD PRINCIPLES

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

The panel of Indian advisers to Indo-Burma trade talks met Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar and Sir Jeremy Raisman, official delegates, this afternoon in the Commerce Member's room in the Council House.

It appears the Indian advisers were apprised of the Burma delegates' reply to the Government of India's proposals and the stage reached in the negotiations for a trade agreement.

The United Press learns that the Burma delegates have not accepted the suggestion either for 'status quo' for the duration of the war or for the levy of a general surcharge on import duties for revenue purposes.

Judging from talks among the Burmese circles, they insist on being able to levy revenue duties on Indian imports which have been duty-free for the last four years since the separation of Burma from India.

The Government of India's reply to the Burma delegation is expected to be sent in the light of discussions held with the non-official advisers this afternoon.—United Press.

MUDALIAR EXPLAINS BURMA PROPOSALS

NEW DELHI, Feb 18.

Discussions between the unofficial advisers and the Government of India delegates regarding the Indo-Burma trade talks to-day lasted about two and a half hours, when, it appears, the Hon. Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar explained the Burma delegation's proposals.

The unofficial advisers are meeting to-morrow morning to examine the Burmese proposals regarding each item of Indian export to that country with reference to Burma's demand for an import duty thereon.

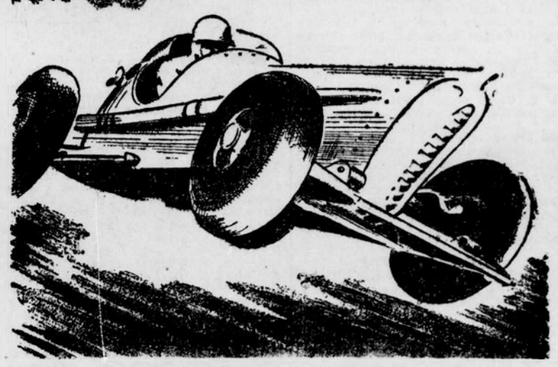
The "United Press" learns that Burma, while agreeing to keep a margin of preferences for Indian imports, wants such a margin not to be of a general character but to vary with each commodity. While, it is further learned, the Indian advisers want the new agreement to be in force during the war and thereafter until it is terminated after a six months' notice, the Burmese delegation have proposed that the agreement should be in force for the duration of the war and six months thereafter.

There appears to be a general agreement on the broad principles, but at the moment the negotiations seem to centre round certain commodities which form a considerable portion of the Indian imports to Burma.—United Press.

Innes For Post-War Problems Board

LONDON, Feb. 18.

Sir Charles Innes, formerly Commerce Member of the Governor General's Council and subsequently Governor of Burma, at the request of the President of the Board of Trade is examining problems of industrial reconstruction after the war.—Reuter.



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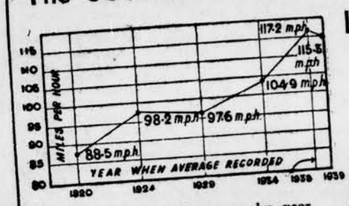

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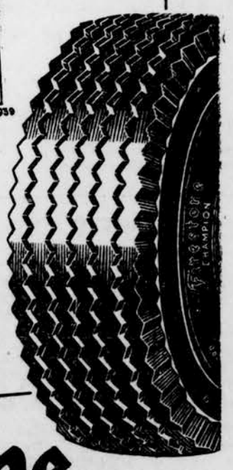

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WESTERN INDIA TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

Barker Betters Rasikumar Of Wankaner: Miss Haji To Meet Miss Row To-day

C. W. Barker, the ambidextrous player from Bangalore, and Miss K. Haji entered the semi-finals of Men's and Ladies' Singles respectively, of the Western Indian Tennis Championship. The former will meet either S. A. Azim or F. Bekkevold, who have yet, to contest the second semi-final.

This afternoon at 4 p.m. Miss Haji will endeavour to deprive Miss Leela Row of her Western India Title. A very keen match is expected, though most fans feel that Miss Row will retain the Ladies' Singles Championship.

BARKER'S VICTORY

After the Rasikumar of Wankaner's victory over M. V. Bobjee on Monday in the Singles several felt the former was for the final of this section. But Barker proved one better. Many said stamina decided the issue in this match as the loser appeared tired in the second phase.

Barker's attack on both wings worried his opponent. His strokes were all first timers, and they were a fiercing as they were swift and besides everything was of admirable length. On the other hand the Rasikumar just could not co-ordinate his many, fluent strokes into game winning points.

MISS MEHTA FAILS

Miss S. Mehta was by no means disgraced, though she went down in straight sets to Miss K. Haji in the Ladies' Singles, (6—2, 6—3)

Miss Mehta, as she had done earlier in the Tournament, showed she had plenty of grit and her stroke play was quite of a good standard. She troubled Miss Haji not rarely. But the latter's blend of steady play from the rear of the Court and vigorous volleying proved effective.

Miss Haji earned another victory with M. V. Bobjee in the Mixed Doubles. This pair had little difficulty in eleminating L. M. Khatau and Miss Martin. They took the match 6—1, 6—1. Khatau and Miss Martin should have know it was suicidal to give Bobjee the ball in any way high up; as Bobjee can kill and to purpose from any part of the Court. Repeatedly the losing pair tempted Bobjee with returns to his liking. He was not averse to failing to such temptation and left Khatau and Miss Martin repeatedly wondering.

SAMUKAWA OFF COLOUR

If the standard of play in the initial set was to be taken alone then G. D. Bhagat and Man Mohan were a defeated pair against Harada and Samukawa. But they rallied, and after losing the first set, they annexed the next two to win. Bhagat's service was good and played a big part after his erratic start and several services came from him. Man Mohan attended to tactics and the trickery of the match He outwitted the Japanese often and cleverly.

Samukawa played tolerably well in the first set and gave Harada his co-operation. But he completely fell away after this. His returns finding the net more often than not and he repeatedly put to much gusto isto his shots, which put them beyond the lines with disconcerting repetition.

The following were the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES

Semi-final: C. W. Barker beat Rasikumar of Wankaner, 8—6, 6—2.

MEN'S DOUBLES

G. D. Bhagat and Man Mohan beat S. Samukawa and N. Harada, 2—6, 6—4, 6—3; Rasikumar of Wankaner and Prince of Cutch v. C. W. Owen and G. T. Gillespie, 6—4, 6—8 (unfinished).

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Miss K. Haji beat Miss S. Mehta, 6—2, 6—3.

MIXED DOUBLES

F. Bekkevold and Mrs. Bell beat P. F. Kekobad and Mrs. Maine, 6—3, 7—9, 6—3; M. V. Bobjee and Miss K. Haji beat L. M. Khatau and Miss Martin 6—1, 6—1.

PLATE MATCHES.

K. L. Dalaya beat N. M. Damle, 10—8, 6—0; K. K. Dastur and D. M. Pereira, 7—5, 6—4; E. Samukawa beat A. Peermahomed, 6—0, 6—1; M. R. Row beat Madan Mohan 4—6, 6—3, 6—3; P. F. Kekobad vs R. K. Shanghani, 4—5 (unfinished).

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME

Court No. 2:—

4 p.m. Miss Row v. Miss Haji (Final).

4-45 p.m. J. E. Tew and Mrs. Tew v. M. V. Bobjee and Miss Haji (Semi-final).

5-30 p.m. J. E. Tew and F. Bekkevold v G. D. Bhagat and Man Mohan.

Court No. 3:—

4-30 p.m. S. A. Azim and Miss Woodbridge v. F. Bekkevold and Mrs. Bell (Semi-final).

5-30 p.m. Miss Row and Miss Woodbridge v. Miss Merchant and Miss P. de Lima (Semi-final).

Court No. 4:—

4 p.m. P. F. Kekobad v. R. N. Shanghani (Unfinished).

5 p.m. C. W. Owen and G. T. Gillespie v Rasikumar of Wankaner and Prince of Cutch (unfinished).

Court No. 5:—

4-30 p.m. E. Samukawa v. K. L. Dalaya.

5-30 p.m. K. K. Dastur v. R. N. Shanghani or P. F. Kekobad.

A Study in Expression: The finish of the Egg-and-Spoon Race at a Sports Meeting at Lahore.

Swaraj For India "At The End Of The War"

Dr. Naidu's Scheme To End Political Deadlock: Suggestions To Gandhiji

WARDHA, Feb. 18.

Dr. Varadarajulu Naidu, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, had an interview with Mahatma Gandhi today lasting for an hour. He is stated to have discussed the present political situation in India and made certain suggestions for resolving the political deadlock. Dr. Naidu will return to Madras after seeing Mr. V. D. Savarkar and he is also expected to see Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar later at Trichinopoly Jail, after which he will again come and meet Mahatma Gandhi.

Dr. Naidu, it is reported, suggested to Mahatma Gandhi that the Viceroy should take the initiative in calling a conference of the Premiers of all Provinces and the Congress ex-Premiers and representatives of the Hindu Mahasabha, the Muslim League, and Sikhs, Christians and other minorities to find a way out of the present deadlock. The scheme evolved by this conference should be accepted by the Viceroy for the formation of Government in the Provinces and at the Centre for the duration of the war.

FREEDOM OF SPEECH

Dr. Naidu is said to have suggested that Mahatma Gandhi's demand for freedom of speech in the matter of war may be conceded by the Government, but Mahatma Gandhi and his followers who have conscientious objection to war must be requested to remain neutral. Questions pertaining to communal and territorial matters must be deferred till the end of the war.

As regards the expansion of the Central Legislature, Dr. Naidu is said to have suggested to Mahatma Gandhi that each Provincial Government should be asked to give a panel of names from which one can be selected for the expanded Council. Similarly, one member each from the Hindu Mahasabha, the Muslim League, the Sikhs, and the depressed classes may be selected. The expanded Council may have 15 non-officials according to this arrangement.

CENTRAL GOVT. v. LEGISLATURE

Dr. Naidu suggested that if this arrangement is accepted by the Government, the Central Government thus formed need not be responsible to the Central Legislature till the end of the war. As a war measure, the same non-party system of Government can be introduced in all Provinces. The majority party in each Province can be persuaded to accept this principle provided they are given a voice in the selection of Ministers from other parties or organisations so that their work as a team may not be affected.

Simultaneously with this arrangement for the formation of Government at the Centre and in the Provinces, Dr. Naidu suggested, the Viceroy must make a declaration that India will be granted swaraj or responsible government at the end of the war leaving the details to be worked out by Representative Leaders in India.—A. P.

Hockey From All Quarters

PROVINCIAL CHAMPIONSHIP

But for a wasted penalty-bully, the Royal Indian Navy might have drawn with the Lusitanian's 'B' on Tuesday, when the teams met in the Bombay Provincial Hockey Championship on the B. P. H. A. ground.

This tragedy occurred in the early half of the game. There was no scoring in this period.

The R. I. N. playing determined hockey held the Lusitanians till time.

Extra time was given and in the first spell of this the Lusitanians broke through the R. I. N. defence and Felix Fernandes tallied the decider. Try as they would, the R. I. N. could not get on terms.

THIS EVENING'S MATCH

B. P. H. A. ground: 5-15 p.m. Bombay Telephone Co. v. St. Xavier's College 'A'.

LEWIS CUP

The replay between St. Xavier's College 'B' and St. Xavier's College 'C' in the Lewis Cup Tournament was as contested as anyone could wish. The 'B' team, with a goal scored four minutes from the close prevailed. Critics, however, held that the Xaverian 'C' XI were the better side and at least deserved to draw. Leyland de Souza was the goal scorer.

To-day's Game

St. Xavier's College Gymkhana, Parel: 5-15 p.m. G. I. P. Railway (Headquarters) v. Bombay Textile Catholic Association.

All-India Shield

KARACHI, Feb. 18

Rangers Sports Club beat Aircraft Depot, Drigh Road, by four goals to nil, in the All-India Cabral Hockey Shield Tournament, this evening, on St. Patrick's ground, after a one-sided game.

The goal-scorers were: Hughes (two), Hannah and Bona.

Bhagwant Club Win

NEW DELHI, Feb 18

Three matches were played in the third round of the Yadavindra Hockey Tournament this afternoon.

The following are the results:—

Bhagwant Club (Tikamgarh) 2; Railway Clearing Blues 1.

Bhopal Wanderers 2; Muslim Sporting (Kamptee) 0.

State XI (Gwalior) 3; State XI (Baria) 0. —A.P.

Calcutta League

CALCUTTA, Feb 18

The following are the results of the League matches played to-day:—

Dalhousie 3; Customs 1.

Measurers 3; East Bengal 0.

G. S. Medical College Sports

The annual athletic sports of the Seth Gordhandas Sunderdas Medical College Gymkhana was a great success. Hardly anyone in the College stayed away from the meeting and the programme was as varied as it was interesting. B. S. Zadu won the Men's Championship and Miss I. M. de Souza won premier honours among the Ladies. The following were the results:—

MEN'S EVENTS

110 metres hurdles:—J. F. Silgardo 1. B. S. Yadu 2. Put shot. G. R. Fernandes 1. R. N. Bhagvat 2. 100 metres:—J. F. Silgardo 1. S. Chatterjee 2. 200 metres:—J. F. Silgardo 1. S. Chatterjee 2. Slow cycling:—Naik 1. Umbarkekar 2. 400 metres:—J. F. Silgardo 1. B. S. Yadu 2. Obstacle race:—S. Chatterjee 1. G. K. Karandikar 2. 1,500 metres:—B. S. Jadu 1. S. Chatterjee 2. Wrestling (heavy weight):—G. R. Fernandes 1. A. R. Bahdri 2. Wrestling (light weight):—H. R. Doshi 1. G. K. Karandikar 2. 5,000 metres:—B. S. Yadu 1. H. R. Doshi 2. V. U. Patel 3. 100 metres swimming:—G. V. Ketkar 1. (1 m. 40 secs.). J. D. Raja 2. B. S. Yadu 3. 400 metres swimming:—G. V. Ketkar 1. (9 m. 51 secs.). B. S. Yadu 2. J. D. Raja 3. Running High Jump:—J. F. Silgardo 1. B. S. Yadu 2. E. Sequeira 3. Running broad jump:—J. F. Silgardo 1. B. S. Yadu 2. R. N. Bhagvat 3. Pole vault:—B. S. Yadu 1. G. D. Adhia 2. J. F. Silgardo 3. 15,000 metres walking:—B. S. Yadu 1. V. K. Habbu 2. V. N. Vadhavkar 3. 25 kilometres fast cycling:—S. R. Ambekar 1. Joshi Dara 2. G. K. Karandikar 3.

LADIES' EVENTS.

70 metres:—Miss I. M. De Souza 1. Miss H. Pinto 2. Broad jump:—Miss I. M. De Souza 1. Miss L. De Souza 2. Put Shot:—Miss Jivanji 1. Miss Udwadia 2. 110 metres:—Miss I. M. De Souza 1. Miss H. Pinto 2. Obstacle race:—Miss Jivanji 1. Miss Udwadia 2. Relay race:—Miss De Souza, Miss Fonseca, Miss H. Pinto and Miss Naik. 4,500 metres walk:—Miss De Souza 1. Miss Jivanji 2.

GYMKHANA EVENTS

110 metres (R.M.O.S.):—Dr. S. C. Sheth 1. Dr. J. De Sa 2. Thread and needle race: Miss H. Collaco and Joseph 1. Miss L. De Souza and Saldhana 2. Tug of War (ladies v. staff):—Ladies won Backward running (staff):—Prof. Koppikar 1. Dr. De Mello 2. Chokras race:—B. Shiva 1. Sahado Kamchander 2. Badminton (men's singles):—Collaco 1. Gupte 2. Doubles: Karandikar and Collaco 1. Wagh and Gupte 2. Women's singles:—Miss L. De Souza 1. Miss L. Dadphale 2. Women's doubles:—Miss L. De Souza and Miss Collaco 1. Miss I. M. De Souza and Partner 2. Mixed doubles:—Miss Collaco and Mr. Collaco 1. Miss Dadphale and Gupte 2. Handicap doubles:—V. N. Wadavkar and Gupte 1 Dr. A De Sa and Silgardo 2. Table Tennis:—(Men's singles):—R. N. Bhagvat 1. V. P. Patel 2. Doubles:—Bhagvat and Lathe 1. Varava and J. Mehta 2. Mixed doubles:—Miss L. De Souza and Sathe 1. Miss S. Mulla and Limaye 2. Women's singles:—Miss L. De Souza 1. Miss L. Dadphale 2. Doubles:—Miss L. De Souza and L. Dadphale 1. Miss Vedak and Mody 2. Carrom singles:—Chaurasia 1. Habbu 2 Doubles:—Habbu and Bhide 1. Chaurasia and Benkar 2. Chess:—G. V. Kedkar 1. Chaurasia 2. Bridge:—Limaye and Kedkar 1. Naik and Galvankar 2.

Boxing

LOCAL 'HOPE' DASHED TO GROUND!

Joe Louis Unbeaten Yet

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.

Joe Louis successfully defended World Heavyweight Championship for the 14th time when he knocked out Gusdorazio, a local "Hope" in the second round of a 15 round contest.—Reuter.

Young Zoroastrian Cricket Cup Tourney

Progress was made in the first round of the Young Zoroastrian Cricket Cup Tournament when six matches were played on the Esplanade Maidan. The Wellington C. C. and Parsi Cyclists match and the tie between John Bright C. C. 'B' and the Naoroz C. C. 'A' remained undecided.

The following are the results:—

GOOD BOWLING

Lord Northbrook C. C.: 136 (Pestonji not-out 70; Irani 20; F. Pochkhanawala eight for 45).

John Bright C. C. 'A': (For 3 wickets 150). (A. Captain not-out 69; F. Pochkhanawala 25; Irani 2 for 44).

KARKARIA SCORES 86

Persian C. C.: 205. (C. Karkaria 86; H. Desai 37; G. Mehta 3 for 18; Damania 2 for 33.).

Naoroz C. C.: 71. (Adi Udvadia 31; Desai 5 for 20; C. Billimoria 3 for 20).

ESPLANADE LIBERAL'S WIN

Esplanade Liberal C. C.: 196. (Kavarana 56; B. Daruvala 37; J Elavia 24).

Baronet C. C.: 90. (M. Dalal 22).

UNWALLA HITS UP 54.

Young Zoroastrians C. C. 'B': 131. (G. Unwalla 54; K. Tarapore 28).

Dadar Zoroastrians C. C.: 179. (J. Morris not-out 50; R. Doctor 36).

UNFINISHED MATCHES

Naoroz C. C. 'A': 248. (D. Kapadia 98; A. Contractor 58; N. Tampal 40).

John Bright C. C. 'A': (For 6 wickets 104.) (H. Parekh 37; R. Mehta 32).

Wellington C. C.: 326. (R. Khodaiji 104; N. Kanga 56; T. Kapadia 38).

Parsi Cyclists Sports Club: (For no loss) 20.

Return Of Exiles

India Govt. Prepared To Consider Requests From Politicals

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

"There are no deported Indian political suspects residing outside India. Government have no complete list of those who voluntarily left India on account of their political activities. Government will be prepared to consider any requests from such persons for facilities to return."

This information was given to Mr. A. N. Chattopadhya in the Central Assembly to-day by the Home Member.

The Home Member informed Dr. P. N. Bannerjee that the question whether a legislation should be undertaken regarding the enlargement of the appellate jurisdiction of the Federal Court was still under consideration and no decision had yet been reached.—United Press.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

A publication has come my way entitled "The Civic Guard movement", by Raghbir Saran. Among other things it tells you what the Civic Guard stands for, (1) Preservation of Peace; (2) Fostering Communal Harmony; (3) Formation of Character; (4) Development of Civic consciousness; (5) Obedience to constituted authority; (6) Respect for the laws of the land; and (7) Love of our country. Well, I stand for all these things, but I wouldn't make such a noise about it.

As a piece of satire on dictatorship and the Nazi idea, "The Great Dictator" is unsurpassed by anything that has appeared on the screen before. "Democracy Stoonk", "Liberty Stoonk" and all the rest of that great speech in the style of Nuremberg was the most perfect piece of satire that I've ever seen. The writer of the "Bridge of Sighs" should go and see it to get an idea of satire.

But, one asked oneself, did it have to be spoilt by that sudden switch over to melodrama, when Mr. Charles Chaplin got all worried about equality among men—Jew and Gentile, black man, brown man and white? No, you just can't make chalk out of cheese, nor a philosopher out of a slap-stick comedian.

PAKISTAN SCHEME

(Continued from page 6)

principles embodied in the Lahore resolution.

"The Lahore resolution "inter alia" laid down: "No constitutional plan would be workable in this country or acceptable to Mussalmans unless it is designed on the following basic principle, namely, that geographically contiguous units are demarcated into regions which should be so constituted with such territorial readjustments as may be necessary, that the areas in which the Muslims are numerically in a majority as in the North-Western and Eastern Zones of India, should be grouped to constitute "Independent States" in which the constituent units shall be autonomous and sovereign.

"It is not correct either that the Working Committee of the League is going to consider any of these schemes at its meeting on February 22. I would, however, welcome any scheme or proposal coming from any source and I believe there are many Mussalmans and others who are applying their minds to this problem. I, however, want to make it clear that the All-India Muslim League is officially not concerned with the schemes that are published in the newspapers from time to time.

"Some confusion prevails in the minds of some individuals in regard to the use of the word "Pakistan." This word has become synonymous with the Lahore resolution, owing to the fact that it is a convenient and compendious method of describing the Lahore resolution quoted above. For this reason the British and Indian newspapers generally have adopted the word 'Pakistan' to describe the Muslim demand as embodied in the Lahore resolution. I really see no objection to it and I fail to understand why some people are making a mountain out of this molehill."—A. P.

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Quaker Oats is made from grain grown in the sunny oat fields of Canada, where climate and soil combine to produce the most nourishing oats you can buy.

Quaker Oats is *strictly a vegetarian food*—just as much so as the rice you eat or the tea or coffee you drink. Yet it is one of the most beneficial foods known—far more nourishing than the ordinary vegetarian diet. For Quaker Oats is richly endowed by Nature with all the essential elements for the strong, sturdy development of body, bone and muscle.

Quaker Oats is not a medicine but a delicious, cent-per-cent food containing nothing objectionable to vegetarians.

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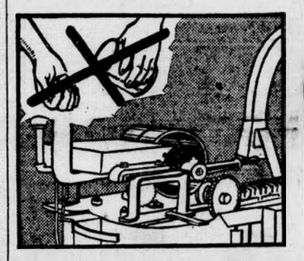

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HOORAY FOR--
WHO?
WILLKIE
WILLKIE!
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10-26

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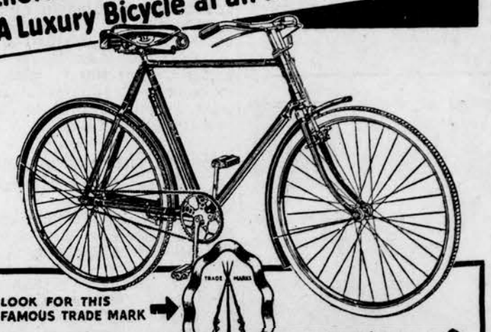

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Bengal Governor's Suit Against Calcutta Corporation

CALCUTTA, February 18.

A proposal for amicably settling the suit instituted in the Small Causes Court, Calcutta, by the Province of Bengal—the official designation of the Governor of Bengal in legal documents—objecting to the assessment of the premises which constitute "Government House, Calcutta" by the Corporation of Calcutta, is now under consideration of the parties concerned.

The assessor of the Corporation has recommended a reduction of assessment in respect of Government House from Rs. 6,93,526 to Rs. 4,72,776 with effect from the second quarter of 1937-38 by way of an amicable settlement of the appeal preferred by the Province of Bengal.

The appeal was preferred on the ground that the valuation of the land of Government House had been taken at a very high figure. It was contended that the land valuation should be reduced from Rs. 3,000 to Rs. 2,000 per "kottah" on the principle of "rebus-sic-stantibus".

Government House, Calcutta, is situated on 81 bighas of land. It was built between 1794 and 1894. Captain Wyatt, R.E., was the engineer and the design of the House followed to some extent that of the Kedleston Hall in Derbyshire, England, the ancestral seat of the late Lord Curzon.

The building cost the East India Company a sum of Rs 13,00,000 the site Rs. 60,000 and the furniture Rs. 50,000.—A.P.

FOR ARREST OF SUBHAS

Another Order For Proclamation Passed

CALCUTTA, Feb. 18.

Another order for the issue of a proclamation for the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose was passed to-day by Mr. E. G. Green, Additional Magistrate at Alipore, when the case against Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose under the Defence of India Rules came up for hearing before him.

Before ordering the issue of proclamation, the Magistrate wanted to know from the police if they had anything to say regarding the warrant of arrest issued previously. The police informed the court that the warrant still remained unexecuted.

Mr. Bose is being prosecuted in this court in connection with two speeches delivered by him at meeting held in February last at Deshpriya Park in Ballygunge and at Rash Bagan in Beliaghata.—A. P.

Poona Arya Samaj To Support Congress For Central Assembly

POONA, Feb. 18.

At a meeting of the Arya Samajists of Poona held near Laskar yesterday, Dr. Navle the President emphasised the need to support the Congress candidates standing for the Central Assembly by-election.

Dr. Navle said that although the Hindu Mahasabha, the Hindu League and the Democratic Swaraj Party are supporting the candidature of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta it was the duty of the Arya Samajists to solidly vote for the Congress. The meeting urged those, other than Congress members, contesting the by-election to withdraw their candidature.—A. P.

Burma Governor On Defence Position

RANGOON, Feb. 18.

Burma's confidence in her own preparations backed by the might of the Empire to meet any attack was expressed by Sir Archibald Cochrane, Governor, in a speech to-day. An attack on Burma would be an attack on the whole might of the Empire and the Allies.

"In Burma we are making our contribution towards increasing the total manpower of the fighting strength of the Empire and I am glad to record the progress made towards the completion of the task, which has been considerable".

The Governor referred to the clear grasp of the issues manifest everywhere in Burma.—A. P.

Orthodoxy Trounced Again!

"AFLATOON" STAGED SUCCESSFULLY IN AID OF WAR FUND

Before a crowded house composed of the elite of the Parsi community, the "Aflatoon", the popular drama of late Mr. P. J. Murzban was staged at the Excelsior Theatre, on Sunday afternoon, a third time. It will be remembered the news of the impending staging of this drama, at the fag-end of the past year, had created quite a furore in the dovecotes of the orthodox section of the community, as the actors belonged to both sexes. The bitter attacks made on the promoters of the show, due to the 'mixed acting' led to filing of suits for damages against two local Gujerati papers. This, as readers are aware, resulted in complete vindication of the promoters' step, to espouse a good cause—aiding the War Fund.

The busibodies who took upon themselves the defence of the morals of the community have now been silenced—let it be hoped for good—and for the good name of the community! They were conspicuous by their absence at or about the Theatre this time. There was not a semblance of "vulgarity" or "indecency" in the acting of the actors who acquitted themselves creditably to all of whom thanks are due for giving their valuable quota in aid of a worthy cause—swelling of War Fund, this time also.

Chief Justice Deprecates Use Of Sec. 164 Cr. P. C.

Says Statements Made Before Magistrate May Be Put In Cross-Examination But Not Treated As Evidence

"I think it is unsafe in this case to act on the confession of the accused. I do not think it is the narration of a genuine and true story and there being no corroboration worth the name. I think the conviction must be set aside and the accused discharged".

With these remarks the Chief Justice set aside the order of the Sessions Judge of Ahmednagar sentencing Pandarinath Narayen, an agriculturist, to transportation for life on a charge of murder.

This was an appeal preferred before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Macklin, on the Appellate Side of the High Court. Mr. Justice Macklin concurred.

The accused was prosecuted for the murder of one of his farm labourers named Pandu who was described as a person who was fond of women and who was alleged to have assaulted the accused's wife.

Important remarks were made by the Chief Justice concerning the use of Sec 164 of the Criminal Procedure Code in the course of the judgment.

His Lordship observed:

"I think the practice of getting witnesses to make statements before a Magistrate under Sec. 164 is to be deprecated. The object, no doubt, is to pin the witness down and to prevent him from resiling subsequently from his statement for fear of prosecution for perjury. But there is this drawback about the practice that an initial statement made before the Magistrate may sometimes be untrue, and the discouragement from retracting that statement applies equally whether it is true or false. So that the practice may result in an untrue statement being adhered to, and initial statements before Magistrates are not always true.

"Another drawback is that, Judges have a habit, as in this case, of not realising that statements made before the Magistrate are not evidence. They can, of course, be used in cross-examination of the witness who made the statement but for no other purpose.

Mr. M. G. Chitale appeared for the accused and Mr. R. A. Jahagirdar, Government Pleader for the Crown.

(Sec. 164 C.P.C. reads to the effect that any Presidency Magistrate or Magistrate of the First Class may record any statement or confession made to him in the course of the investigation under this chapter or at any time afterwards before the commencement of the inquiry or trial.

It requires the Magistrate to explain to the person making it that he is not bound to make it and if made may be used against him.)

MITHA AGAINST COMMUNAL DIVISIONS

Pakistan Policy Disastrous To Vital Interests Of Country

Interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative Mr. Mahomed Suleman Cassum Mitha, said

"I do not wish to say anything for the present more than I have said in the letter of my resignation to the President of the League. If it should be desirable I shall issue a statement Letter.

"In the meanwhile I need only say that I cannot subscribe to a scheme which would divide the country into Muslim India and Hindus India and be disastrous to the vital interest of both communities as well as to the whole country.

Jinnah And Sind Affairs

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

Sir Abdulla Haroon, President Sind Provincial Muslim League, and Khan Bahadur Khuhro, a Sind Minister, arrived here to-day and had a long discussion with Mr. M. A. Jinnah on the Sind situation.

An official statement by Mr. Jinnah is expected to be issued shortly.—A. P.

Students' Goodwill Mission

LUCKNOW, Feb. 17.

A Goodwill Delegation on behalf of the All-India Students' Federation has left to-day for the Punjab, N.-W.F.P. and Sindh. The delegation consists of Mr. M. L. Shah, General Secretary of the All-India Students' Federation, Mr. Ansar Harvani and Miss Swarajya Kumari.—A. P.

The manufacture of shark liver oil has been started on a commercial scale at the Government Kerala Soap Institute, Calicut, and the oil has already been placed on the market.

OTTO STRESSER DEFINES HIS POSITION

(Continued From Page 6)

'System of Weimar', as it was called, but only in order to replace a bad, purely external form of democracy by a thoroughgoing internal democracy. By that I mean that the Weimar democracy left untouched the whole Prussian, Kaiser Wilhelm substructure, and built upon it a system of party bureaus in place of representative agents of the people. How little those ministers could accomplish, even with the best of will, against their old Prussian 'State Secretaries,' or the members of Parliament against the officers of the Reichswehr, I found out for myself during my years as reporter in the Ministry of Foods. You can look these things up in the recent books of self-justification written by the men who were the leaders of Germany at that time, which are frankly shocking. Here I should like to make my own personal statement: Democracy consists of having the freely chosen representatives of the people not only in charge of the Government, but also, and above all, in control of the administration from top to bottom. The superior power of the State bureaucracy, which was at all times intolerable in Germany, must be completely broken, and not just superficially controlled! It is for this reason that my friends and I are strugling for the 'Germany of Tomorrow.' Self-government, decentralization of the machinery of State, internal federalization and social democracy in business; in other words, more, not less democracy is our solution!

★

"Concerning my position with regard to the Jewish question, I should like to remind you of an article I published in my 'Berliner Arbeiterzeitung' as far back as 1928, when I was still in the Party. It was entitled: 'Anti-Semitism Is Dead—Long Live the Idea of Folk!' This sharp rejection of facism is for me as compelling as Christ. You know I am a Catholic. For the 'race struggle' of an Alfred Rosenberg is to my mind just as hostile to mankind and to culture as the 'class struggle' of a Joseph Stalin. The materialistic "Weltanschauung" common to Hitler and Stalin not only made possible but consummated their alliance. For me there is no such thing as a lesser race or a superior race. God has created various races, peoples and nations, and we must percieve this and recognize it. But all are His children; all have the same claim to respect for their human dignity. The defamation of the Jews always rejected by, me, proclaimed not only in the 'Nuremberg Laws' but also in the present measures of the Vichy regime, is the shame of the Twentieth Century. Jews in the new Germany will have full equality, and will be able to decide for themselves whether they will choose to be German or Jewish-Zionist. In the first case they would be the equal of all German citizens; in the second, of all foreigners in Germany. In either case their claim to human equality is self-evident.

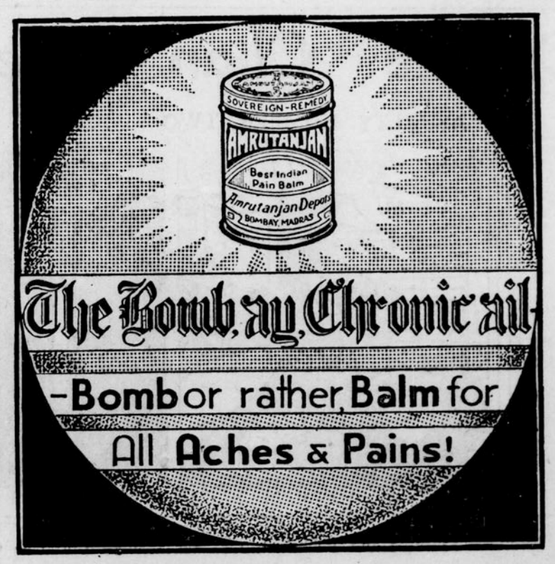
"In my new book you will find a complete treatment of the foreign policy to be pursued by the 'Germany of To-morrow.' In brief I should say that from this war, which is a sort of religious war of the Twentieth Century spirit, a European federation must evolve co-operation of all the peoples of Europe in the manner of Switzerland, where four languages and three religions live peacefully side by side; or in the manner of the United States, which has not only solved this problem for its 48 states, but has also given the world an example of collaboration in its relations with Central and South America. Thus will the 'Germany of To-morrow' work with all its might for the federation of European peoples, and from that point for the collaboration of all peoples of the world who are 'of good will.' But only in democracies can there be good will. Every dictatorship leads to the intoxication of force, first within, and then without. This has been demonstrated to us first by Russia, then by Japan and finally by Italy and Germany.

Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

Ah! I see you did
British To The Teeth

MACLEANS REGD. PEROXIDE TOOTH PASTE
34

HEADACHE?
stop it in 10
minutes with
Saridon



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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1941

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Ticketless Travel Bill Under Fire

Why Arm Monopolist System With Protective Powers Denied To Other Alternative Systems Of Transport? Asks Maitra

NEW DELHI, February 18.

The Assembly passed without a division Sir Andrew Clow's motion for consideration of the Ticketless Travellers Bill and took up discussion of the clauses.

The Assembly to-day discussed Sir Andrew Clow's Bill to tighten the Law dealing with ticketless travelling as reported by Select Committee.

Sir Andrew moving consideration said that he had been having discussions with Party leaders and hoped that the measure of agreement he expected to reach as a result of those discussions would shorten the debate. The Bill, he said, did not seek to introduce any new principle. The provision to deal with ticketless travellers already existed in the Railway Act; and the Bill only made the punishment for the offence more stringent.

He did not agree with the statement made in the minute of dissent of Sir Ziauddin and Mr. Govind Deshmukh that the use of the railway carriage without payment for it was a civil liability like failure to pay rent. He doubted if the action of a person entering a house with the intention of defrauding the owner of the house of his rent was only a civil liability.

Pandit L. K. Maitra disagreed with the Communications Member's contention that no new principle had been introduced in the Bill. He pointed out that the percentage of ticketless travellers was .5 of the total travelling public of some 529 millions. "You have made too much of this vice, and have exaggerated the evil," he declared. "Do you honestly believe that it cannot be checked without the provisions of this Bill, if you set up proper machinery for issuing and checking tickets?"

EVIL ELSEWHERE

Military people, travelled as a matter of right in classes higher than that for which they held ticket. On one occasion the speaker had to get the help of the guard to evict a Tommy, who was travelling in this manner

Opposing the provision for imprisonment, he asked why should a civil liability be treated as if it was a criminal liability and punished accordingly?

Indian railways, he said, were a monopolistic system and why should the Legislature consent to arm it with protective powers denied to other alternative systems of transport in this country.

BAD IN LAW

Referring to the provision that any railway servant appointed by the railway administration in this behalf may apply to any Magistrate for the recovery of the sum payable as if it were a fine, and the Magistrate shall order it to be so recovered, Mr. Maitra said that this reduced the Magistrate to the position of having to carry out the behest of any Railway servant. The provision did exist in the Act of 1890, but several High Courts had recently held in connection with that section that an order imposing a penalty without proper enquiry was bad in law. He, therefore, opposed its reproduction in the present Bill.

WILL LEAD TO INCONVENIENCE

Mr. Azarali appealed to the House not to pass this legislation as it could be abused by the Railway staff to inconvenience innocent persons, particularly women.

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai considered the punishment of one year's imprisonment as too heavy and advised the House to refer the Bill again to Select Committee.

Mr. M. Nauman asked Government whether anywhere in the world or in the Empire there existed such legislation as the one under consideration. By this legislation a wrong impression was being given to the world about the honesty of the Indian people. The Bill would not, he emphasised, prevent ticketless travelling.

BANNERJEE'S PLEA

Dr. P. N. Bannerjee gave a number of examples from his personal experience which he said proved that circumstances did arise compelling people to travel without a ticket or in a class higher than they had paid for. The rule should be that if a "bona fide" passenger as no intention to defraud and informs the guard or the station master that he would pay later on during the journey, he should not be penalised.

Sir A. H. Ghaznavi opposed the proposal for recommitting the Bill to the Select Committee. Referring to Mr. Nauman's question why the Law was being enacted in India while a similar Law existed in no other part of the world, Sir Abdul Halim said it was not possible to travel without ticket in other countries

Several Voices: Why?

Sir Abdul Halim said that trains in other countries were corridor trains.

Mr. Nauman: I have seen people travelling without tickets in France and Italy.

Sir Ziauddin said to the Government "put your house in order first. We are quite prepared to assist you in every possible way." That was the first of his fundamental points of difference with the Government

Secondly, he declared, in no other civilised country was ticketless travelling a cognisable offence. He asked the Communications Member: "If you have not legislated in your own country in this matter, why thrust it upon us in this country?"

Thirdly, Government had not taken sufficient precaution to prevent abuse of the provisions.

He contended that the punishment provided in the Bill would not serve its purpose; it would not prevent Sadhus and beggars from travelling without ticket, for imprisonment for them would be a blessing, nor would it prove effective in the case of railway servants themselves, who, he alleged, were among the offenders, and for whom, he pleaded restoration of conditions regarding passes which prevailed in 1933.

CLOW'S REPLY

Closure was moved at this stage and accepted by 43 votes to 23.

Sir Andrew Clow replying briefly agreed with Pandit Maitra that Legislation alone would not achieve the object in view.

Maulana Zafarali: Have you received a representation from a Madras Association that they don't like this Bill?

Sir Andrew: I have also received a representation from the Ticketless Travellers' Association. (Loud laughter). They don't like the Bill either, and I shall read their memorial to the House tomorrow.

The House passed without a division the motion for consideration and took up the clauses.

Dr. P. N. Bannerjee moved an amendment for the omission of a Sub-Clause inserted by the Select Committee to provide that no excess fare shall be payable by a person travelling without a ticket, if he has obtained from a railway servant permission by means of a certificate to proceed without having a ticket.

Dr. Bannerjee said that this Sub-Clause did not improve the Bill. If the Sub-Clause were deleted, then a Railway servant would have the power to give verbal permission for continuing the journey. When there was no time to purchase a ticket how could a passenger have time to get a certificate he asked?

The House then adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

Adjournment Motion Disallowed

Govt. Refusal To Remove Rifle Range Outside Peshawar Cantt.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 18.

The President disallowed an adjournment motion attempted in the Assembly this morning by Mr. Govind Deshmukh to discuss "the refusal of Government to remove the rifle range built outside Peshawar Cantonment near Jalakal village surrounded by many villages, which is a source of constant danger to the villagers resulting in loss of life, the recent instance being that of a man named Bachu who was hit by a bullet on Feb. 15 and died on the same day."

The President asked when the rifle range was built.

Mr. Deshmukh said it had been in existence for some time but the danger arising from it was a recent one.

The President held it was not a matter of recent occurrence and therefore disallowed.—A. P.

Dearness Allowance To Tapti Mill Workers?

NAGPUR, Feb. 18.

Information received here in connection with the labour dispute at Burhanpur states that the Management of the Tapti Mills agreed to grant dearness allowance at the rate of half anna per day per workman.—United Press.

The appointment of a court of inquiry into labour conditions at Khewra Salt mines is announced in a resolution published in a Gazette extraordinary.

PROVINCIAL STUDENTS' FEDERATION

Mahatma To Address Cabinet On Feb. 28

LUCKNOW, Feb. 17.

Mahatma Gandhi has been requested to address the meeting of the Working Committee of the Provincial Students' Federation which will be held at Allahabad on February 28, announces Mr. Balram Singh Srivastavan, General Secretary of the Provincial Students' Federation.—A. P.

Text Books Racket

Malabar Dist. Board President Jailed

CALICUT, Feb. 18.

Judgment was delivered by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate Calicut to-day in what is known as the Malabar District Board Text Book case.

Mr. K. V. Noordeen, president of the Malabar District Board and five others, one of whom is absconding stood charged under Section 120 (B) and 161 I.P.C. with having, it was alleged, conspired to receive and received illegal gratification in connection with the prescription of certain Text books.

The Magistrate found all the accused guilty on both counts and sentenced each to two years' rigorous imprisonment under Section 120 (B) and one year imprisonment under Section 161 I.P.C. the sentences to run concurrently.

The accused include besides the president of the board, two members of the board and two co-opted members of the Text Book Committee, they were entrusted with the task of selecting Text-books for schools under the District Board. The allegations were that they conspired to obtain illegal gratification from booksellers and publishers, whose books were to be prescribed. The alleged object of the collection of money was to finance the literacy campaign organised by the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee. Some of the accused, it was further alleged received actual payment and acted irregularly and injuriously in the discharge of their official functions as members of the Standing Committee of the Board.—A. P.

'U. S. Won't Let Britain Fall'

AMERICA WILL FIGHT, IF NECESSARY—SAYS REPUBLICAN SENATOR

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.

One Senator, who is an ardent supporter of the Lease and Lend Bill said the American people would not let England fall to Hitler "call it war or not call it war" if the Bill failed to save England from defeat we will have them anyway. Watch and see if American public opinion won't do that".

SENATOR AUSTIN, REPUBLICAN FROM VERMOUNT, SURPRISED THE SENATE WHEN AFTER A SPIRITED COLLOQUY WITH ANOTHER MEMBER HE DECLARED, "A WORLD ENSLAVED IS WORSE THAN WAR: IT IS WORSE THAN DEATH. IF EVER IT BECOMES NECESSARY FOR US TO FIGHT WE WILL FIGHT."

THIS REMARK WAS GREETED WITH A SURPRISED HUSH, WHICH WAS FINALLY BROKEN BY A BURST OF APPLAUSE FROM THE GALLERIES.

The presence of Mr. Wickard at the Conference indicates the possibility that the question of food supplies for Britain was among those discussed. After the Conference, Mr. Wickard said, "I think food is very necessary for British defence, but I think we need ships more than anything else to haul food."

Bill Sent To President For Signature

Congress has sent to the President, for signature, a bill authorising the increase of the Federal debt limit to 65,000 million dollars.—Reuter.

WAR BOOM REFLECTED IN PORT TRUST BUDGET

EXCESS OF REVENUE FROM RAILWAY AND DRY DOCKS RESULTS IN HANDSOME SURPLUS

At a Special Meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay held on Tuesday the Budget Estimates for the year 1941-42 and Revised Estimates for the current year were approved for submission to Government.

The Estimates of Receipts and Expenditure, as passed, are:—

	1940-41 Rs.	1941-42 Rs.
Receipts	2,90,19,200	2,78,00,100
Expenditure	2,65,53,600	2,63,54,000
Estimated surplus	24,65,600	14,46,100

Chairman's Note

The Chairman in his note on the revised Estimates for 1940-41 and Budget Estimates for 1941-42 says:—

RECEIPTS.

The Budget Estimate of Receipts for 1940-41 on General Account was placed at Rs. 230.75 lakhs. It was framed on a conservative basis as it was then difficult to forecast the effect of the war on the trade of the Port. Although there has been a shrinkage of revenue from wharfage, both import and export, there has been a substantial improvement under other heads of the Wet Docks, notably Ground and Shed rents, Storage of goods in warehouses, Dock dues on vessels, Handling charges, and Miscellaneous (Trooping accommodation). This improvement is attributable mainly to war conditions which have also influenced the revenue of the Railway and the Dry Docks, the income from both of which is substantially in excess of the original anticipations. There has also been increased demand for occupation of the Trustees' estates and land revenue has gone up in consequence. Taking all these factors into consideration and allowing for revenue during the next 2 1/2 months at about the level of the corresponding period of last year, I place the Revised Estimate for the current year at Rs. 255.18 lakhs, an increase of Rs. 24.43 lakhs as compared with the original estimate.

EXPENDITURE.

The Revised Estimate of Expenditure on General Account for the current year amounts to Rs. 230.52 lakhs as compared with the original estimate of Rs. 229.36 lakhs, an increase of Rs. 1.16 lakhs. The increase occurs mainly under Wet Docks, Hamallage establishment, and is due to extra labour supplied for Government work in connection with military traffic. As pointed out above, there has been a substantial increase of revenue from handling charges which more than offsets the increase in expenditure under this head. The remaining heads of account read with the relative details are self-explanatory and call for no comment.

BUDGET ESTIMATES, 1941-42.

RECEIPTS.

In regard to the Budget Estimates for the next year, the over-riding factors are again the duration and progress of the war. These cannot be foreseen; but it appears safe to assume that present conditions will continue during the next year. On this assumption, the receipts for the next year are estimated at Rs. 245.23 lakhs which is about Rs. 10 lakhs less than the revised estimate of the current year.

EXPENDITURE.

The estimate of expenditure for the next year, taken as a whole, closely approximates that of the current year. There are, however, variations, notably under Debt charges, which show a decrease of Rs. 1.22 lakhs due to the repayment of the 4 per cent sterling loan of 1910. The increase of Rs. 0.69 lakh under Wet Docks is due to normal provision being made as usual in the budget estimates for staff and contingencies; while a like increase under Bunders and Land is on account of more dredging being anticipated in the bunders and the Pir Pau channel.

SURPLUS.

As a result I estimate the surplus for the current year at Rs. 24.66 lakhs and for the next year at Rs. 14.46 lakhs.

The capital programme for the next year aggregates Rs. 7.42 lakhs.

RESERVES.

The balance of the Revenue Reserve Fund on 1st April 1940 was in excess of its sanctioned limit of Rs. 100 lakhs by Rs. 14.70 lakhs. With the anticipated surplus of Rs. 24.66 lakhs at the end of the current year the excess would amount to Rs. 39.36 lakhs. Proposals have been placed before the Board for the transfer of Rs. 41 lakhs from this fund to certain other funds which require building up.

Anglo-Thai Relations Are Most Cordial

British Minister Ridicules Story Of Invasion By Britain

BANGKOK, Feb. 18.

Anglo-Thai relations were described as "most cordial" by the British Minister, Sir Josiah Crosby, in an interview.

"If anything has been reported to the contrary", he said, "it is ridiculous—so ridiculous as scarcely to call for contradiction."

Sir Josiah Crosby made the statement after his attention had been drawn to various foreign radio reports alleging that Britain intended to invade Thailand.—Reuter.

German 'Phone Lines In Belgium Cut

LONDON, Feb. 18.

German army telephones wires have been cut at several places at Dinant in Belgium according to news received in London by the free Belgium News Agency.

The Burgomaster of the town and nine other leading citizens are being held as hostages by the German authorities.—Reuter.

WOMAN STUDENT RELEASED ON PAROLE

Ban On Continuing Studies In University

BELLARY, Feb. 17.

Miss Meenakh, a student of the Annamalai University who was recently detained in Vellore Jail has been brought to Bellary with a woman escort and entrusted to her father. She has been released on parole.

Under the conditions of the security bond on which she is released, it is stated she has to stay at Bellary and cannot therefore continue her studies in the University.—A. P.

KRIPALANI BACK IN ALLAHABAD

LUCKNOW, Feb. 17.

Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the A. I. C. C. arrived here to-day 'en route' to Allahabad. He will be here for a short stay.—A. P.

Jhansi Congress Secretary Arrested

JHANSI, Feb. 17.

Mr. Kalicharan Nigam, Joint Secretary, District Congress, was arrested under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

U. P. Muslim Education Conference

BAREILLY, Feb. 17.

The 16th session of the U. P. Provincial Muslim Education Conference will be held at Bareilly on February 23 and 24, under the presidency of the Nawab of Chhatari.—A. P.

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

CASUALTY NUMBER TWO

BANANA BOAT MYSTERY

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